The Columbian.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

AT TWO DOLLARS per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

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JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1884.

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One inch.....	$2 00	$3 50	$5 00	$5 00	$8 00
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S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN.

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☞ Pensions and Bounties Collected.

J. H. MAIZE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office in Maize's building, over Billmeyer's grocery.

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Patients received at the Sanitarium on reasonable terms for board and treatment.

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Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

CENTAUR LINIMENT

An absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Pain in the Back, Burns, Galls, &c. An Instantaneous Pain-relieving and Healing Remedy.

SELECT STORY.

WHY HAD HE LEFT HER?

"Papa, I would thank you for a check for three hundred pounds, before you go down town this morning."

"Why do you want so much, Anthine? I thought I gave you enough, yesterday."

"True; Papa; but Madame Fontaine gives a wedding reception for her daughter Clara next Wednesday evening, and I must have a dress suitable for the occasion."

"Certainly, my dear; your father delights in nothing so much as in seeing you enjoy the rich blessings that have been given us. I love to see you look a very queen among the rest. I was sadly disturbed yesterday afternoon."

"Why, Papa?"

And stately Anthine Elleston leaned over the velvet easy chair, and drew her white fingers carelessly through the silky white hair of the father she loved so well.

"Because, just as I was leaving my office to step into my carriage, a little black-eyed child with such a famished face, put out her thin hand and begged for a penny—only one, because her papa was sick and hungry. I was tired, and cold, and impatient, and I knew I had nothing less than a sovereign in my pocket, so I told the child I had nothing for her, and hurried into the carriage, and told John to drive on.

"But I caught the disappointed look on that child's face, and it has haunted me ever since."

"My dear father, you are too sensitive about such things. You are in no way to blame. You cannot be expected to give to every little beggar-child you meet."

"I know that, Thenia," that was his pet name for his elegant daughter; "but I have been thinking that, as Heaven has given much to us, He will expect much from us."

"We do all we can, I am sure; and I would think no more about this little incident. The child will get along well enough. They all manage to live in some way."

"So the matter rested; neither father nor daughter forgeting it, either when the costly silk dress was bought, or later still, when in the elegantly appointed boudoir, Anthine Elleston stood before the long pier-glass, that reflected back her stately form in all its queen-like beauty, arrayed in the sea-green silk, silver tipped waves, half hid though they were by the costly lace flounces.

Diamonds and rubies sparkled on her fair neck, were clasped on each shapely arm, and shone amid the satin-like coils of her dark hair, that was wound in the form of a coronet round her head, and a gem larger than the rest sparkled above her forehead.

She was a beautiful woman; she knew it, and gloried in it. Her father was proud of her, and she strove to please him; but that which steeled her heart, and made her so haughty and reserved—so heartless, as her admirers said—was the fearful blow she received when only eighteen.

On that eighteenth birthnight the grand old mansion was thrown open to a goodly company, and Anthine, in her fair young beauty, with the orange flowers on her brow, sat waiting, with her bridal robes around her, for him who had chosen her to walk beside him down life's pathway.

Paul Wellington was a noble fellow—manly, truthful, and upright in every action of his life: even then, though only twenty-five, a lawyer of some note.

But on this bridal night, with guests awaiting, and the bride as beautiful and as loving as a bride could be, no one claimed the bride.

A telegram to his distant home was sent, and the answer came at once that Paul Wellington, on the day he expected to start for his wedding, sailed in a steamer for India, without any explanation whatever.

It was a fearful blow to Anthine, but her pride came to the rescue, and when she went out again she was, as we find her now, stately, and far more beautiful than in loving girlhood.

It is seven years since that night, when her lover, who seemed so noble and good to her, sent the chilliness of death to her heart.

It was past understanding and after a time she ceased trying to comprehend it, and sealed her heart to mankind, clinging only to her father, who idolized her.

Paul Wellington came back from India, came once to Anthine, and begged to see her, but she refused to meet him.

Then he sent her a letter, entreating her to read his explanation, but she returned it unopened.

He became distinguished in his profession, and occasionally they met in society, and though Anthine could not help noticing the sad expression on his face, she invariably avoided meeting his glances, and when obliged to speak to him, she did so with as much coolness as politeness would allow.

To-night she knows that Paul Wellington is to be an honored guest at her friend's house, and almost unconsciously she has chosen her dress to suit his taste, as she remembered it so long ago.

Now she fastens her gloves, and picks up her jeweled bouquet-holder, in a half reverie, thinking perhaps, of a time when she was bride expectant, happy for a little time as the bride she was going to greet.

"Oh, will happiness ever come to me again?" she murmurs softly to herself, as she sinks on the carriage cushions and is rapidly driven away.

The parlors were crowded, the music was perfect, the guests the gayest, the bride and bridegroom the handsomest, the whole scene like some fairy picture, but somehow in spite of the admiration universally accorded to her, as she moved up and down the long room, looking every inch a queen in her royal beauty, het heart was strangely sad, and it was a positive relief when a maid in attendance brought her a sealed note.

"In memory of one who loved you, 'not wisely, but too well,' come to your dying cousin. I send my little girl to conduct you, late though it is. You won't refuse me, Anthine: you cannot when I am dying.

JAMES HOLMES.

It was all very strange, but Anthine, noble-hearted as ever, never hesitated a moment.

That cousin James had been the bane of her life. A gay frolicksome fellow, whose love was unbounded, and whose love for Anthine was a mixture of teasing and adoration.

A long time ago he declared his intention of going to seek his fortune and a wife, and this note Anthine holds in her hands is the first they have heard of him all these long years.

It took but a moment to send for her father, and give their adieux to their hostess, and finding the little girl waiting at the gate, and then direct their drive to the address the little girl gave them.

But it was a sudden change, to go from the grand mansion, with its beautiful grounds and gaslight, and music and feasting, only a few streets back, into such depths of misery and filth and wickedness as they found themselves, when the carriage stopped before a tumble-down looking building, with broken windows and rickety steps.

Even Anthine's step faltered as they followed the quick step of the little girl up broken stairways, down dark passages, until the garret was reached at last, hearing at every door the vilest oaths, and often screams and blows.

Anthine had often visited the poor, and to the sick and needy had often brought clothes and delicacies, but such misery she had read of, but thought it a stretch of a vivid writer's imagination—now she knew it to be real.

Opening a door that hung by one hinge, they entered the room of death.

One tallow candle lighted the room, but after the darkness of the hall, it seemed quite bright, and showed plainly the straw bed in the corner, on which lay gasping the little girl's father.

It seemed impossible that the faded sallow face and attenuated form could ever have been the dashing and fun-loving James.

"Oh, Thenia, I knew you would come! I felt you must," said he feebly, as he held out a thin hand to each of them. "God is good, when I least deserve it."

"Tut, tut, boy; why haven't you sent to us—nay, come to us, instead of suffering like this," spoke out good Mr. Elleston.

"Oh, uncle, I could not, until life was despaired of, come to those I have so deeply injured!"

"Hush, hush, James; you were wild, but you never hurt us, and it is folly to talk so. You must go home with us now."

"Uncle—Anthine, your kindness overpowers me me. Don't you see—can't you see that I am dying? and, oh, I must tell you while life lasts."

"Tell us what, James?" asked Anthine softly, as she put her cool soft hand over his fevered forehead.

"Thenia, do you remember your wedding night, seven years ago? And did you ever wonder why Paul never came to you?"

"Yes, yes, indeed. Tell me, do you know why? and unconsciously she drew nearer.

"Oh, Thenia, it was some of my accursed folly. I loved you and hated Paul, and was envious of him for having won what I was unworthy of. And the morning before he expected to start for you, he received a letter telling him you were married to your cousin, James Holmes, and were to start immediately on your bridal-tour, bidding him forget you and seek some one more worthy. To that letter your name was signed. Thenia, and it was posted here. You know Paul's proud heart, how such a blow was death to him, and how he sailed in the first vessel that left the harbor.

"I thought to win you then, Thenia, but in your proud eyes I saw no hope of ever taking Paul's place, so I went away and found a soft-voiced little girl, who loved me only too well, and only lived long enough after I called her wife to give me a little velvet-cheeked baby, whom we christened Anthine, after you; and then, with that innocent baby looking into my eyes, I wrote again to Paul and confessed my wickedness. Directly, with new hopes, he came to you, but you refused to see him. He wrote to you, but you returned his letter unopened, and with a saddened heart he began anew, striving for fame and honor, that you might know he was incapable of the base act of which you believed him guilty. When he sought me he could not find me, until a few days ago. It was very wicked, Thenia, but oh, forgive me!" pleaded the dying man.

"It was wicked, James, but we were taught to forgive," spoke up her clear, pure voice, though her eyes were full of tears.

Poor James Holmes was weeping, too, as he gathered his little girl closer, but he was failing as they could see.

Suddenly his eyes brightened, and he said feely:

"There is his step on the stairs now. Thank heaven! he has not come too late. I can see the hands clasped that I once separated."

A moment more, and Paul Wellington, in all his noble manhood, stood before them.

One clasp of the sick man's hand, one look in Anthine's eyes, and the estranged ones were weeping in each other's arms.

Out of the darknes had come light. Henceforth when they wept they would weep together.

Mr. Elleston grasped Paul's hand warmly, and then they turned to him whose troubled look still told that life's care was not yet ended. He was pointing at his little daughter.

"She shall be cherished and cared for," was Paul's solemn answer, as he put his hand on her curly head, while her little eyes looked from one to another in childish wonder.

All care was over. He had sinned much, and much had been forgiven.

The film of death was gathering now, but a settled peace came over his face, as his uncle prayed that heaven would be merciful, and then his soul was borne from earth away.

Months after this, when the little one had grown accustomed to her new home and her new relatives, there was a joyous but quiet wedding. Anthine is as queen-like and as beautiful as ever, but her greatest joy is in her own home with her father, and husband and children.

Her little namesake is tenderly cherished, and little pleading voices that say, "A penny—only one," are never turned away empty-handed, for the little dark-eyed child that haunted Mr. Elleston so was poor James's little Anthine.

Blaine's Big Palace.

Here is a pen picture of the palace which Mr. Blaine erected in Washington.

The Blaine mansion is by far the largest private house ever erected in Washington city, and has more rooms than the British Legation, though not so much ground is covered as by the latter. The Blaine mansion goes up a good deal higher in the air. The same architect built both. The ground plan measures about seventy by seventy-five feet, and the house stands on a tongue of land bounded by Twentieth street, P street and Massachusetts avenue, and faces east. There are two main entrances, one for carriages on Massachusetts avenue, where there is a circular drive on the lot leading through a *porte cochere* to the fine stone staircase, and one which gives the interior view on Twentieth street. This is approached by a grand stone staircase leading up to a broad platform of stone, from which the entrance door opens. Then one sees a baronial hall fifteen feet wide and forty-five feet in length, terminating in a handsome fire place and mantel, above which is a plate-glass mirror.

The exterior of the mansion is in striking contrast with all the neighboring houses. Built of plain pressed brick, the only ornamentation attempted is in variations of the same material in the form of black lines and terra cotta. The latter is displayed in original design about the entrance on Twentieth street.

At the Massachusetts avenue entrance there is erected the elegant *porte cochere* of artistically wrought iron work. The house is of three full stories, with basement and attic floors. Entering by a substantial-looking flight of brown stone steps, one reaches a solid oak double door, carved elaborately, yet with no superfluous or showy ornamentation. The entrance hall is in keeping with the promise of the portals. A floor of veriegated wood—cherry, walnut and Georgia pine—supports magnificiently proportioned oak pillars of Corinthian model, which in turn support a ceiling paneled in the same substantial material. The walls are also wainscoted in oak.

To the right is the reception-room, finished in black walnut, with elaborately carved mantel framing, an old-fashioned looking fire-place, furnished with andirons and artistically molded hearth. On the left is a companion room, the parlor, leading to the drawing-room and library—all en suite—finished in Honduras mahogany, the latter lined breast high with bookcases covered with carved work.

A butler's pantry beyond the library opens to the dining-room, with an intervening dumb-waiter of the proportions of a moderate-sized elevator, and running clear to the roof.

The dining-room, with capacity to seat but a select gathering, and obviously intended for no State occasions, is also finished in mahogany. Along the rear of the house, overlooked by the windows of the three last named rooms, is a capacious veranda.

All the floors on this level are formed of the same woods as the hall. The doors are made to slide into recesses in the wall, and respond to the touch of a child, so well balanced and adjusted are they. Warping and binding are guarded against in their construction: each "stile" of the frame is formed of four strips of pine each alternate strip reversed, so as to react and absorb within themselves any variation from the true line caused by further drying of the already well-seasoned timber. Outside of all is a thick veneering of the wood corresponding with the "finish" of the respective rooms.

The windows are glazed with plate glass; the sashes are hung upon patent copper chains. Every door and window in the house is connected with an electric indicator in Mr. Blaine's room, forming a complete burglar alarm. Electric bells and speaking tubes traverse the house in all directions. A magnificant oak-carved stairway leads by an easy ascent of seventeen steps, eight feet wide, to a landing with a divided short return of six steps. The upper hall is graced with oak pillars of as elegant, but less elaborate, design, as those below. The principal room on this floor is Mr. Blaine's chamber. From the windows a view of Arlington, Fort Myer and Georgetown College is obtained. Here centre the electric wires which will give unerring information of any improper attempt to enter. Leading from this chamber, which, as are all on the floor, is finished in poplar wood, is a bath-room which, if it does not excel in elegance those of the Romans, certainly equals anything of modern model. Besides the most complete appurtances of sanitary science, made safe from any possibility of sewer contagion, there is a hot-air or Turkish bath chamber. Here are also the ubiquitous electric buttons, to insure the solitary bather the safety of a prompt call in case of sudden illness, or other necessity for assistance. Other rooms on this floor are in more or less exclusive connection with bath-rooms, but no drain attachments leads directly into any sleeping chamber.

Five fine, large rooms comprise the family and guest chambers on the floor. In the rear are other rooms, separated by a shut-off door, and reached by a smaller stairway, intended for the use of servants. On the floor above are a number of well-appointed bedrooms, together with a large cedar closet for furs, &c., and in the attic tier is contained still another set of rooms, less in number than on either of the other floors, but all finely fitted up.

In the basement, reached by a broad stairway under the grand oak structure used for reaching the upper chamber, is found a fine, large billiard-room under the library, and of the same size—about twenty by twenty-five feet. Near to this, under the parlor, is the smoking-room. Across the spacious hall is the kitchen, laundry and other domestic offices, all fitted up with the latest modern appliances. The heating arrangement of the house, apart from the open fire-places which ventilate and cheer nearly every room, is worthy of particular notice. The furnace or boiler chamber is between the billiard and smoking rooms. It is furnished with an immense boiler, which does double duty, supplying both radiated heat and clean, hot air. The former is transmitted through the medium of improved steam heaters in every room. The latter is, with the outer air or that of any of the various basement rooms, at will passed over an infinite number of convolutions of steam pipes, arranged in cases erected in different spots about the lower floor. The air is not scorched, not even unduly dried, the moisture which the heated surface of the pipes may deprive it of being restored by an ingenious contrivance.

Altogether there are but twenty-five rooms, exclusive of the minor offices in the mansion. The cost was at first estimated at $60,000, but it probably reached more than $100,000 before it was completed. The furnitnre cost at least $50,000.

It is said that when this magnificent residenc was in course of construction Mr. Blaine complained on several occasions of what he termed the exorbitant demands of the trades unionists employed on the building, and on one occasion became so enraged because he was compelled to pay the rate of wages demanded by the Carpenters' Union, that he declared in very forcible language, in the presence of many of the workmen, that "it was a d—d outrage that people were forced to submit to the demands of a trades union," and that "$2 a day was enough for any mechanic."

It has frequently been stated and restated that James G. Blaine, although never receiving more than $5,000 per year as salary, excepting the short period when he was Secretary of State, during which time his salary was at the rate of $8,000 per annum, has accumulated great wealth in vast railroad and coal mining interests. No man worth less than $1,000,000 could afford to build such a mansion, nor could any one other than a millionaire afford to live in such a house, as it is said that the running expenses of the mansion which Mr. Blaine built for his Washington home can not be less than $2,000 per month, or less than $60 per day—more in one day than a coal miner and mechanic makes in a month.

America's Crown Jewels.

UNKNOWN GEMS LYING IN THE TREASURY VAULTS AT WASHINGTON.

Few are aware that in the bond vaults of the Treasury are deposited for safe-keeping a large quantity of diamonds and other precious stones which will form the nucleus of the crown jewels when the country becomes an empire. These gems all have histories. Among them is a bottle four or five inches long filled with diamonds, and there are many other kinds of precious stones. Some of them are set in gold ornaments, intended for personal wear. The first collection of which we have any authentic account has been in the custody of the Treasury officials for over forty-five years. They were sent to President Van Buren by the Imaum of Oman, whose capital city of Muscat in Arabia, on the Persian Gulf, is the most widely known of all Arabian cities to outsiders. The Imaum was the dude politician of Arabia, the boss dandy of all the Bedouin kin, and having found that Martin Van Buren was two-fold sharper, keener, subtler and dandier than he was himself he sent these diamonds and pearls to him a tribute to superior genius and morality. It takes a pretty smart scoundral to discount an Arab cutthroat of the higher classes, but the Dutch patroon of Kinderhook could do it, and the Imaum of Oman allowed he could take the cake—and the diamonds, too. But after he took them he did not know what to do with them. He had an elephant on his hands. He could not accept them for themself, although he wanted to do so, as the Constitution expressly forbade any person connected with the Government accepting any present or decoration from any foreign power or potentate without express authority of Congress. This authority Congress would not give. In fact, it was inexpedient at that time to ask for it. So the jewels were finally turned over to the Treasury where they are now.

But the Imaum's gift was not all. There are in the collection superb jewels received at other times and in various ways. Turquoises blue as Syrian summer skies; emeralds like the reflection of Ireland's green turf in her crystal-waved lakes; rubies, oriental rubies, that flash a world of liquid crimson light till the eye grows dim with gazing; sapphires, pearls as white as the foam of the sea, and opals that shimmer with resinous radiance as only the precious opal can—all these are there. There are many beautiful and many quaint ornaments, jewelled brooches and rings and sword hilts; be-diamonded crosses brought from the Malay Isles by Wilkes and lots of other rare and valuable trinkets. They have no definite owners and are placed in the Treasury vaults because they are too valuable to throw away, and nobody dares to claim them, because nobody has any right to them. What disposition to make of them is a puzzle. Congress alone can authorize their disposition, and Congress, although asked several times to do so, has declined to take any notice of them.—*Washington Gazette.*

The largest two hotels at Saratoga would be crowded by other persons than guests during the hours of music and dancing were not restrictive measures adopted. The houses cannot be thrown open to all comers, as at small resorts, with no other rule than that those who enter shall be well dressed. Therefore doortenders put the question "Are you a guest?" to all comers whose faces they do not recall as belonging to borders. But the audacious and expert belle from a $2 boarding house does not let resentment serve to exclude her from the most coveted privileges of the $5 establishment. When the sentry challenges her, she removes all expression from the rest of her pretty face and concentrates in her eyes the greatest amount of scorn she can command. Then she turns her eyes fixedly on the hireling, murmurs "certainly, sir," and moves smoothly, unhesitatingly, slowly past him. He knows that she lies, but what can he do about it?

"Who saved the Union?" A Republican answers, "Blaine." "What Blaine? What Union did he save?" The Republican echo answers: "Union Pacific."—*Albany Times.*

An exchange editor asks "how to pack a trunk." He should watch a bachelor pack his trunk once, and then not do it that way.

After-Dinner Speakers.

CHARACTERISTICS OF SOME NOTABLE IMPROMPTU TALKERS, GOOD AND BAD.

Lord Coleridge, at the Irving banquet at St. James's Hall, before our popular tragedian went to America, intimated that an after-dinner speech "consisted of platitudes and anecdotes," and I remember hearing Mr. James R. Lowell, poet, humorist and American Minister at the Court of St. James, say that if suddenly called upon after dinner to speak his mind was more or less a blank, but that on the way home from the feast he thought of ever so many good things he would like to have said. This implied a lack of ready wit, but I fancy Mr. James R. Lowell did himself an injustice by this confession, as his speeches usually have an impromptu air and abound in point and interest. Charles Dickens was an admirable after-dinner speaker, but I have no doubt he knew tolerably well beforehand what he was to talk about and since the lamented death of 'Boz' I fancy George Augustus Sala bears away the palm. When this notable journalist rises, poises his chin in the air, rolls his dark eyes upward and sends out his clear, metallic chest notes one feels an assurance that a clever speech is fortchcoming, delivered with fluent ease and felicity of expression. I once heard a noble Lord, who very frequently makes excellent speeches in the upper House, declare that he would part with half of his worldly possessions if he could roll off a speech with the facility of G. A. S. This may have been a *facon de parler*, but it certainly implied a large measure of admiration for the oratorical ability of our prince of journalists. To my mind the most wonderful speaker in the world is Henry Ward Beecher, the celebrated Brooklyn divine. He can speak at any time, at any place and on any subject. His pyrotechnic brain, incessantly whizzing and whirling, shoots out thousands of bright thoughts, which he readily clothes in most musical and expressive language. The worst speaker I ever heard is "Dying Boucicault, who, though a capable Irish comedian and adapter of French plays, boggles and stammers, hesitates and trips when he "rises to respond," and resumes his seat without having produced the slightest effect except that of disappointment. On the whole, I think the Americans are more telling after-dinner speakers than the English. There are Daniel Dougherty, the eminent advocate, of Philadelphia; Sunset Cox, Ben Butler and Chauncey M. Depew, whose names are well known on this side of the ocean and who when they get on their legs, usually corruscate to the edification of their hearers. I have been told that at the Sheriff's dinner at the Central Criminal Court, in the City of London, a rule has been introduced by which the speaker returns thanks sitting and in as few words as possible. Why could not this habit obtain in other occasions? It seems to be a law of human nature that a gentleman who is a sensible, rational creature, when safely anchored in his chair should lose his head and go wildly wool-gathering when he gets on his pins. If it be simply a question of posture and attitude the suggestion might be useful.

A Nameless Woman.

AN OUTCAST BEAUTY'S MONUMENT IS NOT OF MARBLE BUT BETTER STUFF.

About thirty years ago a young woman came to Augusta and set up housekeeping for herself. She had about $75,000 and was comely. It was well known that the name she bore was fictitious, but nobody cared to make inquiry as to her true name or the place of her birth. This lack of curiosity, as will be seen by the sequel, had important results. She was joined by a man who became a noted gambler. They lived as man and wife for several years. Her fortune constituted his capital, and she gave it to him ungrudgingly. A few years ago she died and the Court appointed an administrator to take charge of her estate. It was found that about $10,000 was left, and the administrator then proceeded to hunt up the heirs. But not a clue to the dead woman's rightful name could be found. Among her papers were several diplomas, showing that she had a liberal education, but in each the name had been carefully erased. There were also a number of letters, but they had received the same treatment. The woman desired to be dead to all her past associations. She no longer existed so far as her family and friends were concerned and she permitted no one to draw her secret from her.

The administrator became convinced that she came from Philadelphia, but beyond this he could ascertain nothing. He advertised in the Philadelphia papers, but nothing came of it. No answer was returned from the grave, and now the remnant of the anonymous woman's fortune is about to go for a purpose that she never dreamed of—the education of children. Under the law of Georgia, no heirs having been found for the property, it escheats to the State and goes into the educational fund. Thus in a short time the Board of Education of Richmond County will come into possession of the property and will be able to do much good with it. She to whom it belonged lies in a nameless grave, but the property itself will go to build school houses and aid in fitting generation after generation for the battle of life.

There are other incidents connected with the story of this woman's life and death that show some of the remarkable vicissitudes of human experience. She evidently belonged to some wealthy family in the City of Brotherly Love. This is the first instance in this section where property has ben escheated to the State.—*Augusta Letter in the Charleston News.*

A study of the dry rot in the twigs of fruit trees has disclosed the fact that it is caused by a contagious and transmissible disease, in which, as in the dry necrosis of leprosy in man, the cells of the affected tissues suffer a degeneration into minute bacteria, whose germs are afterwards disseminated by the rupture of the cell membrane. One diseased tree is capable of infecting a whole nursery; and old and young are alike liable to the ravages of the parasitic organism.

Berlin street railways in 1883 carried seventy million passengers.

A Trick on a Spider.

A great many years ago a prisoner of state, who was allowed to cheer the solitude of his dungeon by playing on his flute, discovered after awhile that, every time he played, a great number of spiders gathered about him. Since then, the liking of spiders for music has been proved. I myself have often wished to play for a spider audience, but I was not well enough acquainted with any musical instrument to coax a tune out of it.

A scientific gentleman of Europe gave me a valuable hint by an experiment of his own. He used a tuning-fork. Now I can play a tuning-fork as well as anybody. I procured a tuning-fork and then sought out a spider I found a handsome, brand new web, and though I did not see Mistress Epeira I knew she must be at home. *Epeira diadema* is her full name, though most persons call her a garden spider. It is she who makes those beautiful, wheel-like webs which festoon the rose bushes and trees.

As I have said, Madame Spider was not visible. I knew, however, she must be in her gossamer parlor, which is attached to her web.

Here was a good chance to try tuning-fork music. I rapped the fork on a stone, and in a moment a soft, melodious hum filled the air. I touched one of the spokes of the web with the fork. On the instant, Madame flew out of her parlor in great haste, hesitated a moment at the outer edge of the web, and then, instead of going straight to the tuning-fork, she ran to the very centre of the web.

When there, she quickly caught hold of each of the spokes one after the other, and gave it a little tug, as a boy does his fishing-line to see if a fish is hooked. Each was passed by until she came to the spoke upon which the humming fork rested. Then she stopped, and it was easy to see she was excited. She gave the whole web a shake; then tugged at the spoke again. "Hum-m-m-m" still sang the fork, but rather faintly now, however.

Madame was satisfied. Her mind was made up. Down she started and caught the end of the fork in her arms. She tried to bite into the hard metal, and at the same time she spun a web of silk around and around the two prongs, which by this time had ceased vibrating.

I pulled the fork away, and Madame Empeira retired in disappointment to the centre of the web. But if she was disappointed, so was I, for I was satisfied that it was not the music of the fork that had attracted her. Unfortunately, it was altogether too probable that she mistook the hum of the fork for the buzz of a fly—a sort of music no doubt very sweet to her.

Time after time I repeated the experiment with the fork, touching in turn each spoke of the web, and each time Madame Spider was deluded into trying to capture the tuning-fork. It is odd she did not learn wisdom by repeated disappointment.—*Pennsylvania Teacher.*

Campaign Publications.

The following publications of the Democratic State Committee are valuable campaign documents, and copies of them will be sent to any address upon application to W. U. Hensel, Chairman, Lock Box 838, Philadelphia, Pa:

Senator D. W. Voorhees' speech against Irish policy.

Post extra on Blaine's neglect of the Irish suspects in English prison.

Post extra on the Labor Question; Cleveland's record contrasted with Blaine's &c.

"Two Upright Statesmen," portraits and utterances of Cleveland and Hendricks.

Back numbers of *The Post*, each containing 28 columns of solid Democratic reading matter.

"Facts for Workingmen."—The story of Gov. Cleveland's official and personal sympathy with Labor.

"Public Office a Public Trust."—"The open Record of an honest man;" Life and Record of Cleveland; Democratic National Platform, &c.

"An Irishman to Irishmen."—Speech of Hon. Patrick A. Collins, of Boston, member of Congress, ex-President of the National Land League, at Albany, N. Y., July 29, 1884.

"The Political Reformation of 1884."—A Democratic campaign book, (sent only on receipt of 50 cents) invaluable to stump speakers, editors, &c.

Eligibility of Electors.—A legal opinion as to whether National Bank Directors &c., are eligible to be electors.

Hot Water as a Remedy.

There is no remedy of such general application and none so easily attainable as water, and yet nine persons in ten will pass by it in an emergency to seek for something of far less efficacy.

There are but few cases of illness where water should not occupy the highest place as a remedial agent.

A strip of flannel or a napkin folded lengthwise and dipped in hot water and wrung out and then applied around the neck of a child that has the croup will usually bring relief in ten minutes.

A towel folded several times and dipped in hot water and quickly wrung out and then applied over the seat of pain in toothache or neuralgia will generally afford prompt relief. This treatment in colic works like magic. I have seen cases that have resisted other treatment for hours yield to this in ten minutes. There is nothing that will so promptly cut short a congestion of the lungs, sore throat or rheumatism as hot water when applied promptly and thoroughly.

Pieces of cotton batting, dipped in hot water and kept applied to old sores or new cuts, bruises and sprains, is the treatment now generally adopted in hospitals. I have seen a sprained ankle cured in an hour by showering it with hot water, poured from a heighth of three feet.

Tepid water acts promptly as an emetic, and hot water taken freely half an hour before bed-time is the best of cathartics in the case of constipation, while it has a most soothing effect on the stomach and bowels. This treatment continued for a few months, with proper attention to diet, will cure any curable case of dyspepsia.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1884.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

STEPHEN GROVER CLEVELAND,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

THOMAS A. HENDRICKS,

OF INDIANA.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

ELECTORS-AT-LARGE,

RICHARD VAUX, B. J. MCGRANN, H. B. PLUMER.

ELECTORS,

Dist.		Dist.	
1.	John Slevin.	15.	George S. Purdy.
2.	J. P. J. Sensenderfer.	16.	P. R. Ackley.
3.	John W. Lee.	17.	John P. Levan.
4.	H. J. Horan.	18.	Ezra D. Parker.
5.	R. L. Wright.	19.	E. W. Mumma.
6.	J. H. Brinton.	20.	A. H. Dill.
7.	Wm. Stahler.	21.	F. P. James.
8.	C. F. Rentschler.	22.	J. K. P. Duff.
9.	H. M. North.	23.	John Swan.
10.	H. G. Stiles.	24.	A. B. Winteratz.
11.	A. G. Broadhead.	25.	John H. Hill.
12.	"W. Rockafellow.	26.	Wm. A. Forquer.
13.	Richard Rahn.	27.	A. J. Greenfield.
14.	George B. Irwin.		

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,

W. W. H. DAVIS.

FOR CONGRESS.

HON. JOHN B. STORM,

OF MONROE COUNTY.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

A. L. FRITZ,

OF BLOOMSBURG.

WILLIAM BRYSON,

OF CENTRALIA.

FOR PROTHONOTARY.

W. H. SNYDER,

OF ORANGE.

FOR REGISTER & RECORDER.

G. W. STERNER,

OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

P. A. EVANS,

OF MONTOUR TOWNSHIP.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

STEPHEN POHE

OF CENTRE TOWNSHIP.

WASHINGTON PARR,

OF FRANKLIN.

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,

ELI ROBBINS,

OF FISHINGCREEK.

E. M. TEWKSBURY,

OF CATAWISSA.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

The Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, requests each member of the Standing Committee to make an appointment of a Vigilance Committee for his election district, borough or township consisting of at least two members, in addition to the member of the Standing Committee, and in the larger districts three or four, as may be necessary, and the members of the Standing Committee will promptly within not more than one week send the name to the chairman.

GEO. E. ELWELL, Secretary. DAVID LOWENBERG, Chairman.

		Post Office.
Beaver	J. Rittenhouse,	Beaver Valley.
Berwick—E.	Isaiah Bower,	Berwick.
Berwick—W.	G. A. Carey,	Berwick.
Benton	G. W. Hirleman	Benton.
Bloom—E.	David Lowenberg,	Bloomsburg.
Bloom—W.	Geo. E. Elwell,	"
Briarcreek	M. L. Houseknecht,	Willow Springs.
Catawissa	W. T. Creasy	Catawissa.
Centralia	D. F. Curry	Centralia.
Centre	Samuel Hilday	Light Street.
Conyngham N.	John Brennan	Centralia.
Conyngham S.	John Monroe,	Ashland.
Fishingcreek	L. M. Creveling,	Van Camp.
Franklin	Daniel Loveman,	Pennsyl.
Greenwood	I. D. Patton,	Greenwood.
Hemlock	James Harris,	Buck Horn.
Jackson	S. W. McHenry,	Waller's.
Locust	J. Snyder,	Roaringcreek.
Madison	Miles Smith	Jerseytown.
Main	J. W. Kelchner,	Mainville.
Mifflin	D. H. Montgomery	Mifflinville.
Montour	O. A. Stonge	Grovania.
Mt. Pleasant	Jacob Gilbert	Canby.
Orange	C. W. Ammerman	Orangeville.
Pine	G. H. Gordner	Pine Summit.
Roaringcreek	James Knittle,	Mill Grove.
West Scott	G. P. Reighard,	Light Street.
East Scott	D. Geisinger	Espy.
Sugarloaf	W. B. Peterman,	Cole's Creek.

VIGILANCE COMMITTEE.

Bloom E.—A. V. Hower, J. H. Maize, C. H. Campbell, J. B. Casey, C. W. Jones, Ed. Yost, Charles Hassert, and Jas. Sterner.

Bloom W.—F. D. Dentler, C. A. Klein, Thomas Gorrey, R. R. Little, Clinton Sterling and W. W. Barrett.

Montour—Henry H. Keifer, Ed Wheeler.

S. Conyngham—Patrick Haley, Andrew Donahue.

Greenwood—Wm. Eyer, A. J. Derr, J. P. DeWitt.

Berwick E.—P. S. Hanley, A. D. Seeley, Samuel Chamberlain, Freeman Sitler and James Hayman.

Sugarloaf—W. A. Kile, A. K. Fritz, Wm. L. Hettinger.

Catawissa—E. M. Tewksbury, J. B. Robbins, Wm. Shuck.

Fishingcreek—T. H. Edgar, Lewis Beishline, W. Kreamer, J. M. Ammerman and W. N. Hosler.

Main—John F. Bowman J. J. Nuss, John A. Shuman.

Orange.—Wm. Masteller, Isaac K. Dildine, Amos Eyhard.

Berwick, W.—A. G. Kimberly, Will T. Snyder, C. Jackson, Richard Williams.

Scott, W.—Isaac Reichard, John Crawford, Mace Pettit.

Roaringcreek.—Wm. Yenger, Daniel Long.

Centre.—H. A. Sweppenheiser, A. D. Brader, Levi Remley.

October 4th is the last day for Naturalization.

President Arthur has promoted Postmaster General Gresham to the place of Secretary of the Treasury to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Folger. Gresham will vacate next year when Grover Cleveland appoints his cabinet.

The *Republican* of July 24th says: "Let us all by diligent work strive to reduce the Democratic majority in this county below two thousand. It can be done." The present effort of that paper to induce Democrats to bolt the ticket is simply for the purpose of creating dissension in our ranks, so as to accomplish the above named result. This is what it means by "diligent work." Will Democrats assist?

A respectable Democrat who wants to hear himself abused and his character assailed has only to come out for Blaine, while a worthless Republican who wants to be flattered and invested with all the virtues of the soul, can gratify his ambition by simply declaring for Cleveland. The Democratic organs do the work by contract.—*Press.*

And yet the *Press* only a few days ago accused Ex-Senator Hamilton Fish of not knowing a political principle from a string of dried apples, on the strength of a rumor that Fish had declared for Cleveland, and it is constantly calling Carl Schurz and others who for many years were the trusted leaders of the Republican party, all sorts of names, because they refuse to support Blaine. It is quite evident that "Democratic organs" have not got a monopoly of this kind of work.

Bear in mind no one can vote who has not paid a state or county tax since November 4th, 1882. Saturday, October 4th, is the last day on which taxes can be paid for the coming election. Attend to it at once.

The Blaine and Logan club of this town will hold a meeting on Saturday night. The bills posted about town call for a large turnout "to attest our devotion to the party that saved the country in its peril, and protects the American laborer from European pauper labor." We would suggest this call as a good text for the speaker to dilate upon. He can relate how the Republican party "saved the country" while Hancock and McClellan and Meade and hosts of other Democratic generals were leading the enemies. If he can find time to go into statistics he will be able to show that fully one-half the soldiers of the northern army were Democrats; he might also give Blaine's military record, and it would not be out of order to allude to Longstreet and Nasby and other illustrious Republicans who tried to "save the country" by fighting against it.

On the subject of protection to American industries there is a vast amount of material for a Republican speech. The orator might first invite his hearers to accompany him to Danville and inspect the numerous iron mills that have been idle for months. He might then take them to Pittsburg among the miners who have been on a long strike on account of low wages, and who have recently been forced back to work at a reduction of ten per cent. While there a call on B. F. Jones, chairman of the Republican national committee, who is said to be worth millions, and who is an excellent authority on the subject of "European Pauper Labor," might be found profitable. A visit to nearly all the mining regions where most of the operators are Republicans, would develop the fact that large numbers of laborers have been displaced by Hungarians and Poles, who will work for lower wages. All these things, and much more might be related as striking examples of the protection which the Republican party offers to American laboring men.

Which Way the Wind Blows.

Mr. D. K. Sloan of Orangeville has shown us a copy of the Ashland *Press* containing a letter dated September 17th, from Albina, Kansas, from which we quote the following extract:

Vote taken in trains from Ashland to Cincinnati, Blaine 30, Cleveland 85, Butler 8, St. John 10; Cincinnati to St. Louis, Blaine 43, Cleveland 48, Butler 16, St. John 17; St. Louis to Kansas City, Blaine 61, Cleveland 73, Butler 18, St. John 24; Kansas City to Topeka, Blaine 46, Cleveland 54, Butler 21, St. John 23; Topeka to Abilena, Blaine 42, Cleveland 41, St. John 36, Butler 17.

More Blaine Bolters.

From the New York Graphic.

The Hon. William Young, who is mentioned in a Milwaukee dispatch as probably the largest commission merchant and wheat operator in the world, and whose main business houses are in Chicago and New York, but whose home is in Milwaukee, bolted Blaine after reading the second batch of Mulligan letters, and says he shall support Cleveland and believes he will be elected. Another Wisconsin conversion to Cleveland is that of Judge C. M. Butt, of Vernon county, who ran for congress on the republican ticket two years ago. There appears to be a good deal of this kind of news lately.

The Democrats will Carry Ohio.

Editor Armstrong, of Cleveland Plaindealer, Cleveland.

We claim that we will carry the State in October by from 5,000 to 20,000. I am inclined to think it will be 5,000—not less. It will be a hot fight, but the Republicans must fight a stubborn battle in order to recapture the State. Ohio is no longer Republican. It is now a Democratic State in every department of the State government. We have Democratic officers in forty-six out of eighty-eight counties. We have Democratic municipal administrations in Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Sandusky, Tiffin, Dayton, Mansfield, Zanesville, Newark and partly so in Columbus. This means that we have what the Republicans have had for many years, and they must overcome all this. Things have changed largely. In counties like Lake and Geauga, which are Republican, there are not as many voters as there were in 1870, while in our strongholds, like Henry Defiance, Van Wert and the northwest generally, the vote has largely increased. I expect to see at least 780,000 votes cast, and the Republicans must gain twenty per cent. to overcome this. This county gave Garfield 7,000 majority, but you cannot find any Republican who will bet on more than 3,000 now. We have the German vote solid and will not lose more than ten per cent. of it.

Cleveland's Slanderers.

A SHAMEFUL CONSPIRACY EXPOSED—ONE OF THE SLANDERERS CONFESSES.

Albany Dispatch to New York Herald.

The Republican ghouls have again become desperate in their attacks upon Governor Cleveland's reputation. This time, however, as the *Herald* correspondent is reliably informed, their tactics have been so fully unearthed as to disclose a most shameful conspiracy. The conspirators, as alleged, have been at work in Buffalo, aided by Republican funds, and the whole story will come out in a few days. The outlines of these revelations were given to your correspondent here to-day. The fact and proof are said to be of the most damaging character, one of the conspirators growing alarmed at the extent of the nefarious work having made a full breast of the entire affair, giving names, dates and the necessary documents to several friends of the Governor.

These gentlemen have taken steps to bring the conspiracy before the public. In order to attest its truth many of the documents have been engraved and will be printed in connection with the details. It is further stated that the expose will cause a decided sensation and that others engaged in the foul plot will come forward and give a complete history of the whole scandal from beginning to end, in order to save themselves from possible criminal prosecution, while seemingly secure from detection. The conspirators, it appears, have been originating another scandalous crusade upon the Governor for several weeks past and in which some lawyers were engaged. Fortunately one of the conspirators has also revealed this plot, and the publication of the details is awaited here with considerable interest.

Cooper's Assessments.

THE POSTMASTER AT DEVON REFUSES TO CONTRIBUTE FOR POLITICAL PURPOSES.

Chairman Cooper's circular in which he sets forth pathetically that "the campaign in Pennsylvania cannot be carried to success without means" and winding up with the demand to "promptly assist by sending check" is making a stir among some of the postmasters. William Reed Lewis, the postmaster at Devon, the Philadelphia suburban resort, upon receiving the circular sent the following reply:

DEVON, Pa., Sep. 22, 1884.

THOS. V. COOPER, Chairman Republican State Committee.

DEAR SIR: In consequence of great injustice and wrong perpetrated by political leaders, Congress has enacted laws for the protection of employes of the government against forced contributions of money for political purposes. It should be your duty, as chairman of the Republican State Committee of Pennsylvania, to aid the Federal Government in upholding its laws, instead of which you take every advantage to make the acts of Congress of no effect. Your circular to me, demanding my check or postal order, is received. I beg to say to you that I decline to obey the summons of your committee, and have sent your communication with my reply to my superior officer, the Postmaster General. I am sir, etc.,

WM. REED LEWIS, P. M.

In his letter to Postmaster General Gresham Mr. Lewis explains the situation and asks for an opinion as to whether or not he has a right to decline.

Botheras Sentenced to Death.

THE MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL DENIED—TO GO TO THE SUPREME COURT.

Edwin Botheras, convicted of murder in the first degree at the last session of the Criminal Court at Wilkes Barre was last Saturday sentenced to be hanged. Botheras is an Englishman, about 45 years old. His crime was committed in Hazleton last March. Botheras and Nichols lived together at a house of a relative of the prisoner. Among the inmates of the house was a niece of Botheras, aged about 22 years. Botheras claimed that Nichols seduced her under promise of marriage. Nichols denied the allegation. The two men meeting on a Saturday on one of the principal streets of Hazleton Botheras asked Nichols if he wasn't going to marry the girl. Nichols replied "no," whereupon Botheras fired three shots from a revolver, two of which took effect in Nichols' body. The wounded man died two days later.

The girl went before a Justice of the Peace and made an affidavit that there had been no criminal intimacy between Nichols and herself and that the shooting was uncalled for. At the trial counsel for the prisoner refused to touch upon the subject of Botheras shooting Nichols in defense of his niece's honor, but rested their case upon the theory of insanity. Application was made for a new trial directly after the verdict. Argument in the case was heard two weeks ago. Judge Rice declined to grant a new trial and the prisoner was sentenced. Counsel for the prisoner will carry the case to the Supreme Court.

Father Stack's Celebrated Suit against Bishop O'Hara Revived.

The celebrated suit of the Rev. M. P. Stack against the Right Rev. Wm. O'Hara, the Roman Catholic Bishop of Scranton, has been revived in Philadelphia by the institution of an action against the prelate by Father Stack to recover damages for deprivation of professional services. The controversy began in the latter part of 1871, when the priest was removed from the pastorate of the Church of the Annunciation at Williamsport. Father Stack filed a bill in equity, but the Supreme Court refused him specific relief, and he brought a suit at law in Lycoming county to recover arrearages of salary and damages for his dismissal. A majority of the Supreme Court gave a decision against him.

The priest subsequently made application to be reinstated or to be given any other appointment at the Bishop's disposal. He had, however, disqualified himself for any position in the Bishop's jurisdiction by the fact of his appeal for redress to the civil courts and he could only receive absolution by applying to the highest authority of the church. He went to Rome in the Spring of 1883 and received permission from the Propaganda to say Mass. Upon his return to this country he made another application to Bishop O'Hara for a position in the prelate's jurisdiction. He was informed that he would not be given an appointment unless he would sign a paper apologizing to Bishop O'Hara and all the other prelates in the United States for having appealed to the civil courts, surrendering his claim to resort to them in future and abandoning the positions taken by him in the former controversies. Father Stack refused to accept the conditions, and having waited for a time entered the present suit. Bishop O'Hara was served with the summons while attending the installation services of Archbishop Ryan.

Best Baking Powder.

INTERESTING TESTS MADE BY THE GOVERNMENT CHEMIST.

Dr. Edward G. Love, the Analytical Chemist for the Government, has recently made some interesting experiments as to the comparative value of baking powders. Dr. Love's tests were made to determine what brands are the most economical to use, and as their capacity lies in their leavening power, tests were directed solely to ascertain the available gas of each powder. Dr. Love's report gives the following:

Name of the Baking Powders.	Strength Cubic Inches Gas per each ounce of Powder.
"Royal" (cream tartar powder)	127.4
"Patapsco" (alum powder)	125.2*
"Rumford's" (phosphate) fresh	123.5*
"Rumford's" (phosphate) old	92.7*
"Hanford's None such," fresh	121.6
"Hanford's None such," old	84.35
"Headheath's"	117.0
"Charm" (alum powder)	116.9*
"Amazon" (alum powder)	111.9*
"Cleveland's" (short weight ¾ oz.)	110.8
"Sea Foam"	109.8
"Czar"	106.8
"Dr. Price's"	102.6
"Snow Flake" (Groff's, St. Paul)	101.88
"Lewis'" Condensed	98.2
"Congress" yeast	97.5
"Pearl"	95.2
"C. E. Andrews & Co's" (contains alum)	76.17*
"Heckers"	92.5
"Gillets"	84.2
"Bulk"	80.5

*In his report, the Government Chemist says:

"I regard all alum powders as very unwholesome. Phosphate and Tartaric Acid powders liberate their gas too freely in process of baking, or under varying climatic changes suffer deterioration.

Dr. H. A. Mott the former Government Chemist, after a careful and elaborate examination of the various Baking Powders of commerce, reported to the Government in favor of the Royal brand.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 14-1 y.

Wanamaker's.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 25

News! news! never anything like it! Good news without any mixture of bad

Lupin's dollar dress-stuffs four of them, at 65 and 75 cents; another similar $1 stuff at 65; and still another $1.25 at 85 cents; all 43 or 44-inch. And nobody bankrupt; nobody hurt.

Now, as we write on Monday morning, buyers surround the counters and wonder what it can mean—favorite stuffs of the most distinguished maker dropping a third in price! Lupin's staple dress-stuffs a third below the market of common maker's stuffs! What's the matter with the stuffs? Nothing. Incredible!

The only clue that we have to the explanation of the fact we cut from last week's *Nation*, written by one of the wisest and clearest-headed men in America, who never heard of Lupin probably:

The anomalous situation of trade and industry, consisting of a great abundance of everything needful to human comfort and the lowest range of prices known for thirty years, but characterized by stagnation, low wages, a low rate of interest and lack of employment, continues to puzzle the ablest of economic science as well as the experienced man of business. The large crops of the present year—the most bountiful, perhaps, that the country has ever known—have failed as yet to revive or stimulate trade in any marked degree. It would seem as though the country were suffering from too much of everything and not, as in former periods of commercial dullness, from too much of some things and not enough of others.

But, lest you infer a gloomy view of the future, we quote the concluding sentence of the article:

We look for improvement in all branches of trade, beginning with the present harvest; for we cannot think that the world is coming to an end through an excess of everything which conduces to man's happiness and to the progress of civilization.

Lupin's *Cachemire Hindou* is like a surah in weave and effect; but surah is silk. It is like a very dainty serge; but serge isn't so dainty. It is like merino as to weight; but merino hasn't such a silky beady twill. It is cashmere in its delicate softness and range of color.

If you were offered gold dollars for 65 cents, you would look sharp for counterfeits. Experienced buyers will look equally sharp at these in just the same way.

The colors: Nile and two or three other shades of evening blue and three of pink; and these for day: olive, bronze, brown, light-brown, seal-brown, stone-blue, peacock-blue, garnet, ox-blood, two cardinals, myrtle, and others very likely.

Lupin's *Inca* at 75. Like merino with tiny channels lengthwise cutting the twill. Merino; also a delicate cord. As pretty a fabric as ever was made. Ten day colors.

Lupin's armure at 65; the figure a diamond or star. The ground is like merino, the figure sateen. Half is ground and half is star. Ten day colors.

Lupin's herring-bone cord at 65. The cord is not large but distinct; the herring-bone too fine to be clear. The general effect is not unlike that of the *Inca;* but the wool is harder-twisted, less soft, but also less dusty. Ten day colors.

Lupin's *Camballo*, the best of them all; $1.25 for 85 cents. The weave is ottoman; but the wool is so soft that notwithstanding the ottoman weave, *Camballo* is soft. Seventeen day colors.

Geralda, not Lupin's, at 65; a poplin of hard-twisted, long-fibre, not over-soft wool; closely woven, as heavy as any except *Camballo;* not so dainty, not so pretty, about as pretty as *Camballo;* same weave and about the same size of cord as an Irish silk-and-wool poplin. Twelve day colors and black.

There is nothing good that can be said of a maker of dress-stuffs that isn't eminently and conspicuously true of the Lupin house. There is nothing good of any of Lupin's stuffs that isn't true of these. The last *Geralda* is not Lupin's.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

Chestnut, Thirteenth and Market streets, and City-hall square.

COTTAGES; or, Hints on Economical House Building, containing 24 plates of Cottages costing from $300 to $3,000, with descriptive letter press. 1 8 vo. vol., handsomely bound in cloth, mailed on receipt of $1.

WM. T. COMSTOCK, Pub., 6 Astor Place N. Y.

Oct 3 4w d

MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS $22 TO $500

STYLES

Highest honors at all great World's Exhibitions for seventeen years. Only American Organs awarded such at any. For cash, easy payments or rented.

UPRIGHT PIANOS

presenting very highest excellence yet attained in such instruments; adding to all previous improvements one of great value than any; securing most pure, refined, musical tones and increased durability; especially avoiding liability to get out of tune. Illustrated catalogue free.

Mason & Hamlin Organ and Piano Co.,

Boston, 154 Tremont St.; N. York, 46 E. 14th St., Chicago, 149 Wabash Ave.

Oct. 3 4w d

Law, collection and Real Estate Office

OF

WM. CHRISMAN,

Bloomsburg Pa.

I now have over 40 houses for sale, ranging in price from $700 to $10,000, including farms, houses and lots, mill and tavern stand. On terms to suit almost any purchaser with a small capital.

One especially desirable property on East St., near Second with all conveniences suitable for a business stand. No trouble or charge to point out properties and no cost to purchaser in case of a sale. Office in

MOYER'S BUILDING.

October 3-tf

Something New!

We would respectfully announce to the people of Bloomsburg and vicinity that we have opened a first-class laundry and ladies' hair goods store, Bloomsburg, Pa., in Dentler's new store, Main street. Ladies' can have their combings made up into waves, switches, frizzes, &c.

This cut represents our very popular Victoria Wave. This is dressed with the hair falling on the forehead, and the ends made in Montagues. Can be dressed plain.

We handle all styles and variet ies. But the Brown & Baldwin Wave with our close parting is unsurpassed and acknowledged by all to excel any other wave made. There is a part, but so made that the lace does not show, thus avoiding the wig like appearance of all other waves. Langtry's and Bernhart's Waves and English Bangs are very fine, made in any style. Six 8" an switches made of the finest quality, all long hair. Natural gray hair a specialty. Ladies' and Gents' Wigs, Toupees and one-half Wigs made to order. Waves done up and exchanged.

All our goods made of natural curly hair, and are warranted. Samples cheerfully shown. Ladies' hair dressed and head cleaned by lady attendants. We also have a fine line of Face Powder and Shampoo. Ladies will find it to their advantage to deal with us as we dress our waves and front pieces to suit the wearer.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

DAVIS' FRENCH DYE WORKS.

THE LAUNDRY

consists of fine polished work done up on short notice. Family washing a specialty. Goods called for and delivered. Soliciting your favors we are respectfully

Brown & Baldwin.

Sept 26

LIST OF PREMIUMS

To be awarded by the

Columbia County Agricultural Society,

AT THEIR

29th ANNUAL FAIR,

To be held at

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

—ON—

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

Oct. 15, 16, 17 & 18, '84.

CLASS I—HORSES.

DIVISION 1—STALLIONS.

Judges—A. B. Creep, Supt.; E. C. Cleaver, Alfred Irvin.

Best blooded stallion,	$10 00
Second best,	5 00
Best stallion for all work,	8 00
Second best,	5 00
Best stallion colt not over four years,	4 00
Second best,	2 00

DIV. 2—WALKING HORSES AND MARES.

Thursday 12 o'clock.

Judges—F. H. Hagenbuch, Supt.; T. W. Purnell, Daniel Zarr.

Best walking horse or mare,	$6 00
Second best,	3 00

DIV. 3—CARRIAGE HORSES AND MARES.

Judges—J. M. Long, Supt.; Samuel Hilday, J. H. Geary.

Best pair carriage horses or mares,	$10 00
Second best,	5 00
Best single carriage horse or mare,	5 00
Second best,	2 50

DIV. 4—COLTS, BROOD MARES AND MULES.

Judges—Eli Ohl, Supt.; Homer O'Brien, George Getty.

Best brood mare, colt by her side,	$8 00
Second best,	4 00
Third best,	2 00
Best horse or mare between 3 and 4 yrs.,	5 00
Second best,	2 50
Best mare or gelding bet. 2 and 3 yrs.,	5 00
Second best,	2 50
Best horse or mare cold bet. 1 and 2 yrs.,	3 00
Second best,	1 50
Best colt under 10 months,	3 00
Second best,	1 50
Best pair match colts under 4 years, broken to harness,	5 00
Second best,	2 50
Best pair of mules,	5 00
Second best,	2 50

The committee of this class will carefully notice all meritorious spans of teams, not mentioned above, and report the same to the Revising Committee for premiums, viz: Teams of ponies, goats, dogs, &c.

Exhibitors under this class will have their horses on the ground by 10 o'clock Thursday morning, when they will be examined.

CLASS II—CATTLE.

Judges—S. J. Conner, Supt.; J. B. Yetter, John Armstrong.

SHORT HORNS.

Pedigrees must be furnished the Secretary at the time of making the entry, with reference to the register in the herd book.

Best bull, one year and upwards,	$15 00
Best cow,	12 00
Best heifer under three years,	5 00
Best calf under twelve months,	3 00

WITHOUT PEDIGREE.

Best bull three years and upwards,	$8 00
Second best,	4 00
Best cow,	7 00
Second best,	3 00
Best heifer bet. six and 12 months,	3 00
Second best,	1 50

DEVONS.

Pedigree must accompany the entries.

Best bull, one year and upwards,	$15 00
Best cow,	12 00
Best heifer under three years,	8 00
Best calf under 12 months,	3 00

WITHOUT PEDIGREE.

Best bull three years and upwards,	$8 00
Second best,	4 00
Best cow,	7 00
Second best,	3 50
Best heifer bet. six and twelve months,	3 00
Second best,	1 50

JERSEYS.

Pedigrees must accompany the entries.

Best bull one year and upwards,	$15 00
Best cow,	12 00
Best heifer under three years,	5 00
Best calf under twelve months,	3 00

WITHOUT PEDIGREE.

Best bull three years and upwards,	$8 00
Second best,	4 00
Best cow,	7 00
Second best,	3 50
Best heifer bet. six and twelve months,	3 00
Second best,	1 50

GUERNSEYS.

Pedigrees must accompany the entries.

Best bull one year and upwards,	$15 00
Best cow,	12 00
Best heifer under three years,	5 00
Best calf under twelve months,	3 00

WITHOUT PEDIGREES.

Best bull three years and upwards,	$8 00
Second best,	4 50
Best cow,	7 00
Second best,	3 50
Best heifer, bet. six and twelve months,	3 00
Second best,	1 50

GRADED STOCK.

Best bull,	$6 00
Second best,	3 00
Best bull under ten months,	3 00
Best cow two years and upwards,	4 00
Best heifer under two years,	2 00

NATIVE STOCK.

Best bull,	$4 00
Second best,	2 00
Best cow,	5 00
Second best,	2 50

Exhibitors will have their stock ready for the judges to examine by 10 o'clock a. m., on Thursday, and to remain until 12 o'clock on Saturday.

CLASS III—SWINE.

Judges—Luther Eyer, Supt.; Enos Rittenhouse, Jacob Seidort.

BERKSHIRE.

	Best.	2d Best.
Boar,	$5 00	$3 00
Sow,	5 00	3 00
Sow and pigs, not less than 5,	5 00	3 00
Pen shoats, not less than 5,	5 00	3 00

CHESTER WHITE AND CHESHIRES.

Boar,	5 00	3 00
Sow,	5 00	3 00
Sow and pigs, not less than 5,	5 00	3 00
Pen shoats, not less than 5,	5 00	3 00

BERKSHIRE.

Boar,	5 00	3 00
Sow,	5 00	3 00
Sow and pigs, not less than 5,	5 00	3 00
Pen shoats, not less than 5,	5 00	3 00

SUFFOLK.

Boar,	5 00	3 00
Sow,	5 00	3 00
Sow and pigs, not less than 5,	5 00	3 00
Pen shoats, not less than 5,	5 00	3 00

POLAND CHINA.

Boar,	5 00	3 00
Sow,	5 00	3 00
Sow and pigs, not less than 5,	5 00	3 00
Pen shoats, not less than 5,	5 00	3 00

GRADED.

Boar,	4 00	2 00
Sow,	4 00	2 00
Sow and pigs, not less than 5,	4 00	2 00
Pen shoats, not less than 5,	4 00	2 00

If other meritorious breeds are offered, will receive same premiums.

CLASS IV—SHEEP.

Judges—Conrad Kramer, Supt; Hiram Sterling, Jere Kostenbauder.

FRENCH MERINO.

	Best.	2d Best.
Pair,	$10 00	$5 00

SOUTHDOWN.

Pair,	8 00	4 00

GRADED.

Pair,	6 00	3 00
Lot of lambs, not less than 8,	8 00	4 00

CLASS V—POULTRY.

Judges—A. H. Sharpless, Supt.; Jno. Gibbs, Peter Swank.

All exhibitions in this class must be in trios.

	Best	2d Best
Display of fowls,	$3 00	$2 00
Dark Brahmas,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Light Brahmas,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
White Cochins,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Buff Cochins,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Partridge Cochins,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
White Leghorns,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Houdans,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Black Spanish,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Gray Dorkins,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Golden Spangled Hamburgs,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Dominiques,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Brevecoeurs,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Black and Red Game,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Duscovy ducks,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Wood ducks,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Poland ducks,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Pouhouse geese,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Bremen geese,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Hong Kong geese,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Native geese,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Bronze turkeys,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
White turkeys,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Buff turkeys,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50
Blue turkeys,	1 00	50
Chicks,	1 00	50

All other varieties of meritorious pure bloods, same as above.

CLASS VI—GRAIN, SEEDS AND FLOUR.

Judges—Wesley Ash, Supt.; Josiah Heacock, Jere Snyder.

	Best.	2d Best.
Fifty lbs. wheat flour,	$2 00	$1 00
Fifty lbs. buckwheat flour,	1 00	50
Half bushel clover seed,	1 00	50
Half bushel timothy seed,	1 00	50
Bushel Martin wheat,	2 00	1 00
Bushel red wheat,	2 00	1 00
Bushel rye,	1 00	50
Bushel oats,	1 00	50
Bushel corn, different varieties,	50	
Bushel buckwheat,	1 00	
Twelve stocks and corn,	1 00	

CLASS VII—VEGETABLES.

Judges—Hugh Appleman, Supt.; Jas. P. Freas, John Parker.

Best and largest display of potatoes, half bushel of each variety,	$2 00
Second best,	1 00
Best half bushel sweet potatoes, raised by exhibitor,	1 00
Best bushel field turnips,	50
" half bushel rutabagas,	50
" " " sugar beets,	50
" " " mangle wurtzel,	50
" " " beets,	50
" " " carrots,	50
" " " parsnips,	50
" " " onions,	50
" bushel potatoes, any one variety, meriting a premium,	1 00
Second best,	50
Best peck hops,	50
" dozen mangoes,	50
" peck tomatoes,	50
" half dozen vegetable oysters,	50
" " " squashes,	50
" " " heads cabbage,	50
" field pumpkins,	50
" citrons,	50
" three bunches celery,	50
" four egg plants,	50
" two dozen peppers,	50
" two quarts lima beans,	50
" two quarts butter beans,	50
" two dozen radishes,	50
" three water melons,	50
" quarter peck peas,	50
" peck onion sets,	50
" cactus,	1 00
" lemon or orange tree,	2 00
" three heads cauliflower,	50

Persons competing for premiums on the largest and best dispay of potatoes will not be allowed a premium on the same separately.

CLASS VIII—FRUIT.

DIV. 1.

Judges—Oliver Evans, Sup.; George Conner, Hervey Hartman.

APPLES.

Best display of Winter, not less than five varieties, six of each,	$2 00
Second best,	1 00
Best looking peck Fall or Winter apples,	1

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1884.

Personal

Miss Annie Sloan is visiting friends in Philadelphia.

H. B. Clark was in the cities buying goods this week.

Miss Hattie Sloan is visiting at Muncy and Williamsport.

Miss Mame Bellas of Philadelphia, was married yesterday (Thursday) to Mr. Joseph R. Trimmer.

Mrs. John Zaner of Forks, started on Tuesday to see her son, A. A. Zaner, at Audubon, Iowa, who has had a relapse.

Mrs. Clinton Hughes of Cambra, and Mrs. E. B. Dodson of New York City, were the guests of the Buckalew Bros. the first of the week.

Mr. Oscar Achenbach of Williamsport, was in town last Thursday. He had been up to Forks to attend the funeral of his father, David Achenbach.

Prof. W. H. Schuyler has assumed charge of the Academy at West Bloomfield, Perry county. This is the 47th year of this institution. It is a boarding school for both sexes.

Rev. T. H. Cullen and wife of Freehold, N. J., were in town the first of the week. Mr. Cullen preached at the Episcopal church at morning and evening service last Sunday. He was rector of the parish for a number of years, and they have many warm friends here who are always glad to welcome them back.

Headquarters for trunks, satchels, valises, robes, &c., at David Lowenberg's.

William Chrisman Esq., has a large number of properties for sale at his Real Estate Agency.

Crane's fine paper for ladies' correspondence, the best made, at the COLUMBIAN store.

Pretty suits for little boys; pretty Kilt suits for children, a large stock just received, at D. Lowenberg's.

On Sunday evening at 7½ o'clock, the Rev. D. F. Stiles will deliver an address to the Grangers, in the Rohrsburg M. E. church. All persons are invited to attend.

Mr. Connelly of Scranton, has been nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Twelfth district. Judge Woodward was his opponent in the conference.

Having decided not to handle paper bags, the present stock at the COLUMBIAN store will be closed out at cost.

The Washingtonville Fair will be held on October 21, 22, 23 and 24. There will be races each day. Between $1000 and $2000 are offered in premiums.

A word to the wise.—The most complete and varied stock of Fall and Winter goods can now be seen at the popular store of David Lowenberg.

The M. E. Church of Rohrsburg will hold an oyster supper and ice cream festival in P. D. Black's hall on Friday and Saturday evenings of this week. All are invited to attend.

Don't forget to attend the public sale of personal property of Emeline S. Sopher on Centre Street, this coming Saturday at 9 o'clock, where you can purchase almost anything in the line of house-keeping. Three months' credit given.

A full supply of paper, tablets, pens, pencils, ink, erasers, copy books, drawing books, rulers and everything needed by school children, except school books, can be found at the COLUMBIAN store, very heap.

P. E. Wirt, Esq., has sold a large number of his patent Fountain pens, and we hear them spoken of in the highest terms by all who have used them. They have been introduced in one of the departments at Washington, and will have a large sale all over the country

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The trial of Mr. Edson last week for hawking and peddling, occupied two days, and resulted in a verdict of not guilty, each party to pay half the costs. As this case settles the law concerning peddlers in this county, we will publish the charge of the court in full next week.

Ent Post 250, G. A. R., will attend Grand Army Day at Shamokin, Friday, October 10th The Bloomsburg Cornet Band will accompany them. All citizens are invited to go along. The train will leave Bloom Ferry at 7 o'clock a. m., leaving Shamokin at 10:30 p. m. Fare for round trip, $1.58.

An alarm of fire called out the fire companies on Thursday evening last week. They ran down Market street to the railroad, and were there informed by persons returning from the fire that it was extinguished. It was a house at Port Noble occupied by ——— Swank. It was fortunate that it was discovered before gaining much headway, as the fire department could have done no good, there being no water plug in that vicinity.

A. Wilkerson was indicted by the Grand Jury for keeping a baudy house, and on Thursday of last week was convicted in court. He did not put in an appearance, however, and the case was tried in his absence. His bail will be called upon for the amount of the recognizance, but it is reported that he is worthless. No defense was attempted by the defendant, beyond the cross-examination of witnesses, and an address to the jury. Wilkerson will be sentenced when he is caught.

Mr. David Achenbach was born in Northampton county, Pa., on the 17th day of February, 1807, died at his late residence in Orange township, this county, of diabetes, on September 22nd, 1884, aged 77 years, 7 months and 5 days. Mr. Achenbach leaves a widow and six children living. He was the father of nine in all, five boys and four girls. Calvin, John and Harriet Louisa are dead. Mr. Achenbach was a well-to-do farmer, and was beloved by all that knew him. He was an excellent citizen, and a kind husband and father. His funeral was largely attended, on Thursday of last week.

A game of base ball for the championship of Columbia county was played at Danville last Saturday between the Bloom and Catawissa clubs. The game was an exciting one and resulted in favor of Bloom by a score of 14 to 4. When the news was received here some enthusiastic friends of the home club got the band out and went to the train to meet the champions. Several hundred people gathered at the station and the boys met with a warm reception. They were carried up Market street on the shoulders of the crowd, and in front of their quarters in McKinny's building repeated cheers were given. The base ball craze is now at its height.

The newest and latest styles just received in Fall hats, in stiff and soft—new, nobby and nice, at D. Lowenberg's.

The streets are again torn up by the digging of trenches for the purpose of making connections with the sewer. Persons driving in town after night should go slow, look out for danger signals, and thereby avoid accidents.

Suits made up in city style by experienced workmen. Call and see what to wear and how to wear it, at David Lowenberg's, the fine merchant tailor of Bloomsburg.

There was a crowd at the skating rink last Tuesday evening. The band furnished music, and every body had a good time. Warren Eyer took the first prize, and S. F. Peacock the second, for graceful skating. The rink is well managed, and ought to be well patronized.

J. C. Ludlow of this town has been working with Miles Albertson at Braganza, Ga., for the last six months. He returned from the South on Thursday of last week, and reports that Mr. Albertson is doing a good business in lumber. He has 46 mules, five miles of railroad track and a locomotive, with which he hauls lumber to his mill. The mill has been improved recently by the expenditure of about $6000. Three large steam engines are used in the saw mill and planing mill, giving a capacity of about 50,000 feet a day. Over 100 men are employed. Mr. Albertson's many friends here will be pleased to hear of his success in the South.

The new laundry of Brown & Baldwin is now in full operation. They occupy four rooms on the second floor of Dentler's new building, and have put in all the necessary apparatus to enable them to do their work in first-class style. One room is fitted up exclusively for ladies, where a fine line of hair goods is kept, and ladies' hair dressed and heads cleaned by lady attendants. This is a new business for this town, and all those who desire that kind of work will find it a great convenience. The gentlemen who have opened this establishment come here well recommended, and they deserve, and will no doubt receive, a liberal patronage. They are also sole agents for Davis' French Dye Works.

It is highly amusing to read the earnest appeals of our Republican contemporaries, urging the Democrats of this county to vote for the Republican nominee for Prothonotary, because of the alleged unfairness by which Mr. Snyder obtained the nomination. There is not a man in the county who does not know that these same papers would have taken a similar position if Mr. Krickbaum had been nominated. They would have talked of corruption, of the unlawful use of money, of the influence of liquor, and all that, and would have quoted the published affidavits as proof of these charges. The COLUMBIAN would have supported the ticket, as it does now, and then these same papers that accuse us of belonging to the clique that desires Mr. Krickbaum's defeat, would have called us the "Ring" organ. Notwithstanding this, Mr. Krickbaum would have been elected, if nominated, just as Mr. Snyder will be elected because he was nominated.

For 30 Days

We will sell boxed paper at greatly reduced prices. 100 boxes at 15 cents each, reduced from 25 cents, excellent quality. At the COLUMBIAN store.

Prisoner Escaped.

A. Swisher was convicted of assault and battery in court last week, and was sentenced to three months' imprisonment and a fine and costs. The Sheriff took charge of him to conduct him to the jail, and had reached the steps of the prison, when Swisher suddenly turned and ran up Iron street, out past the car shops, and beyond to the woods and escaped. The Sheriff gave chase, but was unable to overtake him. He has not been recaptured.

Jerseytown.

The corn is being cut.

Some of the farmers have threshed their buckwheat and report a fair yield.

Mr. John Manning, who has been in Illinois for some time, is at home.

Mr. A. Murphy was in town on Thursday.

Mr. Frank Cotner attended the Berwick Fair.

Mr. John A. Funston passed through here Friday.

Mr. A. K. Smith attended court last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Yeager of Greenwood, were visiting friends here Sunday.

Misses Laura Smith and Ida Stout are visiting at Berwick and Wilkesbarre.

Mr. James R. Biddle is again in the store. We are glad to see you back, James.

Capt. Allen has been quite poorly, but is slowly regaining his usual health.

Services will be held in the M. E. church Saturday evening, Sunday morning, afternoon and evening. L. Y.

Berwick.

Mr. and Mrs. Reeder of Bellefonte, are visiting Mrs. M. W. Jackson.

Mr. Bittenbender, of the COLUMBIAN, attended the Fair last week.

Mr. L. F. Bower and family left for Carlisle on Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Wiederhold of Shenandoah, attended the Fair on Thursday.

Mr. C. A. Becker and son, Ernest, returned to Wilkesbarre on Monday.

Mr. J. Bent Laubach of Hazleton, visited this week in Berwick.

Miss McCamey of Espy, is visiting Miss Bertha Harter.

Mr. J. M. Moorhead and lady, of Watsontown, visited his brother George over Sunday.

Will Wilson of Plymouth, was noticed in town with his bicycle last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Garney of Scranton, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Fenstemaker during Fair.

Mr. Isaac Hess of Duncansville, is visiting friends and relatives in this place.

Misses Ida Stoutdt and Laura Smith of Jerseytown, visited friends in town this week.

Chestnuts are very plenty this year.

The rolling mill has been stopped now over a week for the want of ore.

The New York Combination showed above town last Tuesday afternoon and evening. On account of the rain the "Grand Parade" did not come off.

The Fair turned out to be a complete success, as every one had predicted. The buildings of exhibition could not be beaten and the stock was far better than had been expected. Over ten thousand tickets were sold, and everything passed off very nicely. With the enlargement of several of the buildings the Fair in this place will, no doubt, rank among the best.

The C. L. S. C. presented their President, Mr. L. F. Bower, with eight fine volumes of Shakespeare, last Saturday evening.

One of our esteemed citizens, Mr. S. H. Ruch, died very suddenly on Sunday morning. The funeral was attended by a large number of friends and relatives, and took place Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

DERF.

Matthias S. Appleman.

In the death of Matthias S Appleman, this community loses one of its oldest and most highly esteemed citizens. His quiet unassuming manner prevented him from becoming conspicuous in public affairs, while it made him many friends, and gained for him the respect of all who knew him. Though not taking an active leading part in matters of public interest he was always ready and willing to follow others, and with his purse and quiet influence he encouraged every progressive step in this town during the past twenty years. He was the only son of Philip and Margaret Appleman who were among the early settlers of this county from New Jersey, and was born on the homestead in Hemlock township, on September 6th, 1812, and resided there until 1865, when he moved to Bloomsburg. He married Lydia Billig, January 9th, 1845, whose remains he followed to the grave about four months ago. He leaves three daughters, viz: Mrs. A. Z. Shoch and Mrs. D. J. Waller, Jr., of this town, Mrs. C. Unangst of New York; and one son, L. P. Appleman, Esq.

The funeral took place on Wednesday afternoon from the residence, the services being conducted by Rev. F. Manhart, assisted by Revs. D. J. Waller, Sr., and S. Mitchell. A large concourse of relatives and friends were in attendance.

Bargains unprecedented are now offered in Fall and Winter clothing. Elegant styles, new patterns, enticing prices. At the popular store of David Lowenberg.

Asbury.

Mrs Eli Pealer is lying very low with fever.

Mrs. Charles Emery is still getting worse.

There was a large attendance at the funeral of J. F. Hutchison on Friday last. The different orders to which he belonged were in attendance. After the regular church services were gone through by the Rev. Houtz, the G. A. R. and Odd Fellows took charge, and paid their last tribute of respect to one that was beloved by all that knew him. Peace be to his ashes.

I received, this week, a copy of the Berwick *Independent*, speaking in most glowing terms of D. M. Kinter as a most excellent pulpit orator. I am of that opinion myself, and if Brother Kinter has been called and commissioned of God to preach the everlasting Gospel, he had better stick to it, and not meddle with politics. The *Independent* rather thinks that the honest Democrats will support Mr. Kinter. I think not, but will say the sore-heads may, but will venture to say that no good, honest, thinking Democrats, will vote for any other man for office but those put in nomination by the Democratic convention. The *Independent* says there is but one square toed Democratic paper that supports the ticket from top to bottom, in the county, and that is the COLUMBIAN. I am happy to know that there is one paper in the county that has backbone enough to stand up for the rights of the people. The Republicans are always on the lookout for just such chances to make a break in our party. That was what put them in power in 1860—the split in our party. Democrats, arouse up and let your minds run back as far as Fort Mifflin, and then ask the question "can I support Mr. Kinter?" or, in plainer words, one that has always been in sympathy with the party that dragged my fellow Democrats to filthy dungeons. Methinks I hear them say "no, not I." We have seen enough of the elephants. I must confess I was in harmony with Mr. Krickbaum in the onset, but since the convention put in nomination Mr. Snyder, I feel under obligations to support him and the whole ticket, and give them my most hearty support in every way. I profess to be a straight, out-and-out Democrat, and have always stood up for the rights of my party. I will say in way of conclusion, Brother Kinter, if you are called to blow the Gospel trumpet, blow on until Gabriel blows his horn, and don't have the words ringing in your ears: "Woe is to me, if I preach not the Gospel of Christ." These words are sufficient. Hoping he will practice what he preaches.

TRUE BLUE.

Centralia.

The imprisonment and fine imposed upon James McGuire, the repeater, was received here with general satisfaction. The judge and jury were not impressed with the insanity dodges as easily as our worthy 'Squire.

The Hungarian, whom the peddler is languishing in jail for shooting, has entirely recovered, and is able to appear on the streets again.

Mrs. Killeen and daughter, Mary, left for Columbus, Neb., on Monday. Part of the family went there several months ago, and are delighted with their new home.

The collieries are all idle this week, and hundreds of men and boys are compelled to act gentlemen of leisure.

A Pole, named John Bollowsky, held the lucky number which drew the organ, chanced off by Mr. Killeen on Saturday. Offers from $75.00 to $100.00 were made him for his prize, but the Pole would not part with it for any amount. Inquiring why he didn't accept a good offer he blandly replied: "Me no sell my luck."

The heavy rains of Sunday night were badly needed in this section, some of the collieries were compelled to haul water from Ashland to enable them to work last week.

A lad named Wilson, living at Logansville, fell from a tree while chestnuting on Sunday, and received several deep cuts on the head.

Johanna, a six-year-old daughter of M. Connor, died on Sunday, from a complication of diseases. The funeral took place on Tuesday, and was very largely attended.

Another batch of Hungarians left here on Monday for Hungary.

As the cars were landing on the coal plane at North Ashland colliery on Thursday, the rope broke, leaving the wagons run to the bottom at almost lightning speed. The plane was considerably damaged.

A new set of dirt burners have been placed in position at the Logan, and give proof of being able to do the work as satisfactory as the old method.

The Buck Mountain vein has, at last, been reached in the Continental tunnel. The vein is about ten feet thick, and the coal is of a fine quality.

The Lehigh Valley Coal Company has purchased the Montana colliery, and will commence repairs at once. A tunnel will be driven to reach the vein, and the water taken from the slope. The company will not allow the running of the company store in connection with the colliery.

Flaming posters on every available fence and barn announce the coming of the "greatest show on earth" to Ashland, on Monday next. It is, of course, hailed with delight by the young folks.

The shipments of coal from the Logan mine exceed those of any colliery in the anthracite region last month.

Curry's hostler was married last week to one of Locust Dale's fair daughters. I'll have a little ———, what's yours? "Come in out of the wet," Valentine.

Supt. Ed. Reese is off on his annual vacation, and will make the circuit from Williamsport to Boston, New York, &c.

Mrs. J. F. Kress spent last week among Stattington friends.

L. A. Riley & Co. are making arrangements to open a meat market in connection with their mammoth store.

Two young men of town, hearing of the numerous flocks of wild fowl which visit Brush Valley, determined to have a little sport on Monday. They accordingly set out with dog and gun, and stimulants—the latter was an indispensable article—arriving at the large dam they imagined they saw ducks on the other side. Procuring a boat they set sail—not for the other side, but for any place the wind could blow them. When about half way across the boat capsized, tossing the gunners into about 40 feet of water. Neither of them could swim, and but for the assistance of several men who were close at hand, they would undoubtedly have been lost. As it was, both lost very valuable guns, and are laid up with a very bad cold.

Will Ross of Ashland, spent part of the week in town.

Miss Cassie Maginness returned to her home in New York on Tuesday.

Messrs. Smith, Brogan and Muldoon of Philadelphia, are employed in fitting up the steam apparatus in the Catholic church.

Miss Anne Cain of Philadelphia, is visiting her parents.

Court Proceedings.

Com. vs. Catharine Mangan. Assault and battery. A true bill.

Com. vs. B. F. Dallman. Perjury. A true bill.

Com. vs. G. Lefkowitsch. This is the case in which defendant is charged with the shooting of a Hungarian at Montana. Recognizance of defendant, G. F. Grady of Mahanoy, and Jacob Gebhart of Hazleton each in $1000, for appearance at next session and defendant discharged from custody.

In re. sale of real estate of Nancy Kahler. Exceptions to the sale filed.

The following Sheriff's deeds were acknowledged: to C. M. Creveling for two lots in Espy, sold as the property of G. M. Baker, for $540; to P. A. Evans for 32 acres of land in Montour twp., sold as the property of G. M. Quick for $515; to W. J. Knorr for land in Mifflin township, sold as the property of S. H. Wolf for $22.50; to A. K. Walter for land sold as that of Timothy Bolick for $100; to P. Piatt for land sold as Lafayette Dribelbis' for $304; to D. C. Black for land sold as Wm. H. James for $800.

On motion of C. G. Barkley Esq., and on certificate from the court of Sullivan county, G. W. Bartch was admitted as a practicing attorney.

Com. vs. J. Bauer. Case continued and recognizance of defendant and Silas Johnson each in $200 for appearance at next session.

Com. vs. G. Eiskamp. Case continued and recognizance of defendant and Silas Johnson in $200 each for appearance at next session.

Com. vs. Emanuel Beltz. Nol. pros. allowed.

John Splain and Samuel Williams were naturalized.

On petition Mary Brumstetler was appointed guardian of Charles and Eldora Brumstetler.

Com. vs. B. F. Dallman. Case continued and recognizance of defendant and C. M. Vandersllice taken in $200 each for appearance at next session.

The Grand Jury presented their report, which was read:

The grand inquest inquiring in and for the body of the county of Columbia in the Commonwealth of Penna. at September sessions 1884 respectfully report to the court of quarter sessions of the peace of said county:

That in the discharge of their duty they have passed upon all bills and matters submitted to them by the District Attorney and said court:

That they have examined the county buildings and find the public buildings in good condition with the exception of a few repairs; we would recommend a new cap for the register under the stairway on the first floor in jail and also two window lights broken in jail:

We also find the records and official papers in the register and recorder's office covered with an accumulation of dirt and dust; for their better preservation we suggest they be brushed and cleaned and that sliding doors be placed in front of the shelving:

We also endorse the action of the commissioners in complying with the recommendations of former grand juries in providing sewerage for the jail and introducing water from the Bloomsburg Water Works, both of which improvements are now being made. All of which is respectfully submitted this 24th day of September, 1884.

JNO. G. JACOBY, Foreman.

The Grand Jury, after being complimented for their dispatch in transacting public business, were discharged by the court.

Com. vs. Catharine Mangan. The case was tried and a verdict of guilty rendered.

Com. vs. J. R. Teitsworth. A jury was called to try the case but defendant plead guilty.

Com. vs. Charles Edson. Verdict of not guilty and the prosecutor, A. Laubach, and defendant each pay half the costs.

Com. vs. Charles B. Edwards. Recognizance forfeited to be respited on appearance of defendant at next term.

Court adjourned on Thursday evening until Saturday morning.

Lydia Robbins vs. Jacob B. Stoker's admr. Amendment of plea by defendant allowed.

Nehemiah Kitchen appointed guardian of Emma A., Mary E., James A., and Jacob W. Kline.

John G. Quick appointed guardian of Alice Fry.

In re. of sale of real estate of C. B. Brockway. Rule granted to show cause why sale to F. P. Kline should not be set aside.

Estate Catharine Whitenight. Citation awarded for administrator to file account.

Estate Catharine Slusser. Petition filed to strike off decree awarding real estate to Margaret Brown,

SECOND WEEK.

Com. vs. Ed. Smith. Sentenced to pay a fine of $15, costs of prosecution and to pay to Eva M. Hilliard, $20 lying in expenses and $1 per week for the support of the child from the time of its birth to this time and same amount for the support of the child until it arrives at the age of seven years, and give bond in the sum of $500 to the poor overseers of Mt. Pleasant twp.

Com. vs. J. R. Teitsworth. Sentenced to pay a fine of $15 and costs of prosecution and imprisonment in the county jail for three months and stand committed until sentence is complied with.

Com. vs. Catharine Mangan. Sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs of prosecution and stand committed until sentence is complied with.

Com. vs. Clemuel Wells. Sentenced to pay a fine of $15, and costs of prosecution, restore the goods and undergo imprisonment in the jail for three months and stand committed until the sentence is complied with.

Taylor vs. Taylor. Divorce decreed and formal decree to be filed.

Estate Samuel Drum. Audit confirmed nisi.

Osman vs. Osman. Divorce decreed.

Samuel Lewis and James Ruthbridge naturalized in open court.

Estate of Samuel H. Hutchison. Auditor's report confirmed nisi.

Estate Mary A. Conner. Auditor's report confirmed nisi.

Elias Dreiblebis vs. Henry Knorr. Petition to satisfy mortgage filed.

Berwick Fair.

The first annual exhibition of the Lower Luzerne County and Northern Columbia County Agricultural Society which was held last week, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, September 24, 25, 26 and 27, fully met the expectations of the managers. On the opening day there was a moderate number of people, all interested in arranging their articles for exhibition. Thursday morning was cloudy and betokened rain, so that the attendance this day was not what was expected, and scarcely reached two thousand people. Friday was bright and clear, and early the people began assembling at the grounds until noon showed almost four thousand tickets sold that day, the afternoon increased this number a thousand more.

The managers profiting by the inconvenience of the buildings used by other agricultural societies, have erected those of improved designs.

THE MAIN EXHIBITION BUILDING.

This building was completely filled with exhibits, to enumerate all would be to give the chief features of the exhibition. Among those deserving of special mention were the silk crazy quilts exhibited by Mrs. J. M. Lilley (not completed), Miss Lizzie Whitney, Mrs. Ammerman and Miss Gertie Wilson; the silk cushions or sofa pillows by Mrs. Vantassel and Mrs. S. R. Heller; the silk banners of crazy design by Mrs. B. F. Crispin, Mrs. J. S. McMurtrie and Mrs. F. R. Jackson; fine embroidered skirt by Mrs. F. R. Jackson and Mrs. B. F. Crispin; and Miss Sallie Williams a complete lady's white suit, finely embroidered. Mrs. Elisha Myers had a quilt two hundred years old, which came from Holland, and recently passed into the hands of the seventh generation. Another curiosity was a feather quilt exhibited by Mrs. Doty, which was made in South America, and composed of feathers of chickens and guineas of that country. Handsome embroidered mantle lambrequins, window lambrequins, skirt, and child's dress were the exhibits of Miss Ida Sponenberg. Hair work of wreaths, flowers, &c., by Mrs. Peter Sult, Mrs. I. Bower, Mrs. S. J. Hicks and Mrs. B. F. Dreisbach. Mrs. Ash had some carpet woven with heavy paper instead of rags. Oil paintings on alabaster, mache, and tile placques, by Miss Lizzie Whitney. Two vases of beautiful wax boquets by Mrs. Belle Carey. Besides these were a great number of fancy goods, quilts, sofa pillows, &c. S. C. Jayne exhibited a Bible 164 years of age, printed in German, with preface written by Martin Luther; he had also a number of other old volumes. There were a number of exhibits of fine white bread, but the premium fell to Mary E. Sult. In cakes, also, there was quite a variety. Mrs. W. B. Updyke being the most successful with the cocoanut cake, while Mrs. John Miller was pronounced first for sponge cake and gold cake. Mr. E. K. Adams made a fine display of silks, ladies' cloths, &c., and J. E. Vannatta a display of jewelry and fine silver ware. C. W. Brubaker was there with an exhibit of hardware. B. F. Dreisbach had the services of a New York gent and Philadelphia lady in showing the merits of the sewing machines for which he is agent. J. Saltzer, our townsman, was there with his musical instruments and sewing machines, and from the styles of work exhibited, and the work being done on the machines, we should think all were impressed that the Domestic machine for which he is agent is the best in the market. W. H. Yetter and Mr. Trathen, from this place, were also there with sewing machines. Mr. Julius Hoft had a fine display of flowers, plants, vines and evergreens, and has shown that he is well prepared to supply the trade with choice plants.

THE STOCK BUILDING.

This contained some very choice breeds among which was a very large hog (Jersey) exhibited by Enoch Rittenhouse, and another equally fine one (Poland China) by S. J. Conner. Frank Evans had a fine Durham bull 18 months old and weighing 1560 pounds. Dr. G. L. Reagan brought from his stock farm of Fairview, Jersey, graded and native stock of cattle. A well-mated yoke of oxen by G. W. Case. There were quite a number of sheep and horses on exhibition.

POULTRY BUILDING.

This was probably the best building for that purpose that could have been arranged. A large building was erected in which was placed a great number of apartments of sufficient size for the proper exhibition of perhaps 8 or 10 chickens; the front of each apartment was wire, which afforded an excellent view. C. H. Zehnder and Theo. Fowler each had a fine display of Langshans, Plymouth Rocks and Wyandottes.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, WAGONS, ETC.

The agricultural implements had their proper place, and various machines were placed on exhibition by Freas Bros. of Berwick, J. M. Hulshizer of Lightstreet, and White & Conner of Orangeville. A fine display of wagons and buggies was made by W. A. Robbins, Wm. M. Appleman, Trescott Bros. and Alonzo Lockard. In the department for stoves was found a neat display by Young & Ent, and G. A. Buckingham of Berwick.

TRIALS OF SPEED.

In the race for the three minute class four heats were trotted. Dr. R. H. Little entered "Tom M'Graw," sorrel gelding; Henry Fox entered "John Henry," bay gelding; S. W. Adams entered "Bay Ben," bay gelding. "Tom M'Graw" took first heat, "John Henry" took the second, third and fourth heats, and won the race. Time: 2.44, 2.47½, 2.53¼, 2.53¾. "Tom M'Graw" came in second in each of the three latter heats and only a half length behind the winning horse. It was a genuine blood race. The audience was very much enthused. Each horse having about an equal number of admirers.

In the 2.30 class there were two entries. "Frank S." owned by W. H. Hughes, and "Nellie T.", owned by J. Toole of Shenandoah. Frank S. won the race in three straight heats. Time: 2.47½, 2.42, and 2.42.

The Farmers' Trot brought out four horses. "Jen," bay mare, owned by Boyd Freas; "Colonel," cream gelding, owned by Samuel Sitler; "Bay Dick," bay gelding, owned by Charles Wagner, and "Flora," sorrel mare, owned by C. K. Hess. The race was exciting and very close. Bay Dick won the race in the 3rd, 4th and 5th heats. Flora S. won the 1st heat and Jen. the second heat. Time: 3.19, 3.17½, 3.18¼, 3.19½, and 3.16½.

In the Columbia County trot there were two entries. "Tom M'Graw," sorrel gelding, owned by Dr. Little, and "Little Annie," bay mare, owned by Samuel Prentiss. Tom M'Graw won the race in three straight heats. Time: 2.51½, 2.53 and 2.55½.

In the Blooded Colt race, out of county, there were two entries. "Belle of Glouchester," owned by W. H. Hughes, and a black colt owned by J. Toole—no name. Belle of Glouchester won the race. No time announced.

The Columbia County Colt race brought out four of the six colts entered. "Prince," owned by Elliott Adams; "Henry Ward Beecher," owned by Daniel F. Seybert; "Harry," owned by Hugh Lamon, and "Dan," owned by Wesley Bomboy. This race afforded much amusement for the spectators. Prince won the race in two straight heats, no time announced. The driver of Henry Ward Beecher instinctively claimed the pole for his colt. 'Tis but just to say he came in first, but was set back for running during the heats.

The last of the trotting was for a special purse. There were three entries. "Frank S.," by W. H. Hughes; "Nellie T." by J. Toole, and "Annie," by Samuel Prentiss. Frank S. won the race in the 2nd, 3rd and 4th heats. Nellie T. was awarded the first heat, though coming in 2nd, Frank S. being set back to 3rd place for running during the heat. Time: 2.40, 2.43 and 2.43.

Ex-Sheriff W. P. Kikendall, of Luzerne county, one of the judges, appeared upon the stand on Saturday in his usual graceful and dignified manner.

Do not deny yourself the pleasure of examining our new and great bargains in clothing. We are taking the lead in style, fit, assortment, goods and price. An ocular demonstration will satisfy you. Call soon—at the popular store of D. Lowenberg.

Wedding and Party invitations and a fine line of calling cards, at the COLUMBIAN store.

LOCAL NOTICES.

New goods at C. C. Marr's this week at great bargains.

Come and see during the County Fair I. W. Hartman & Son's big stock of goods.

ASSETS OVER $101,000,000.—If you wish a good investment with solid security, take out a fifteen year endowment policy in the Mutual Life Insurance Company of N. Y.

GEO. S. ROBBINS, Agent
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Hogs that weigh from 100, 110, 125, 130, 140 to 150 lbs., a piece a lot of nice clean thrifty hogs for sale at Light Street by Silas Young. Sept 5-4w

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C. C. Marr pays 25c for butter, 20c for eggs.

Shawls, shawls, finest assortment in the county at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

For the next 60 days only, we will make cabinet photos at $3.00 per dozen. Best work; Lightning Process used.

Sep12-4t MACKLEP & CHOATE.

9999 1-9 spring chickens,
8888 1-8 old hens,
7777 1-7 pigeons,
6666 1-6 ducks,
5555 1-5 geese,
4444½ good calves,
3333⅓ large shoats,
2222½ lbs. pitted cherries,
1111 lbs. dried raspberries.
All the above wanted at Light Street, by July 25-3m SILAS YOUNG.

Long and short coats for ladies at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Floor and table cloths at C. C. Marr's.

LUMBER.—Planing mill in lumber yard. I have all kinds of worked lumber—white pine, yellow pine and hemlock flooring; white pine and hemlock German siding, surface boards, surface siding, wainscoting, moulding. All kinds of lumber in rough, at Lightstreet, by aug 28-3m SILAS YOUNG.

C. C. Marr is getting in some of the handsomest dress goods in this town. Call and see them.

I. W. Hartman & Son's stock of cashmeres, silks and all kinds of dress goods will be large during the Fair.

LUMBER! LUMBER!! FOR SALE CHEAP.

Hemlock boards, plank 2 by 4, joice, bill stuff, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20 feet long worked lumber, flooring, German and bevel siding, surface boards and siding, sawed shingles No 1, 2 and 3, chestnut, hemlock and pine, shingle and ceiling lath.

I have made arrangements with a couple of steam saw mills if there is any thing that I have'nt got I can get it at short notice at Light Street by

July 25-3 m SILAS YOUNG.

C. C. Marr buys chickens.

Bring your baskets, carpet bags, umbrellas and coats for safe keeping on each day of the Fair to I. W. Hartman & Son's.

New goods at J. B. Skeer's.

All kinds of cotton and wool flannels at C. C. Marr's cheap.

I. W. Hartman & Son's store during the Fair will be a resting place for tired people.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS,

made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by Moyer Bros.

THAT HACKING COUGH

can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by Moyer Bros.

FROM SYRACUSE, N. Y.

"I felt weak and languid; had palpitation of the heart and numbness of the limbs. Burdock Blood Bitters have certainly relieved me. They are most excellent." Mr. J. M. Wright.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER

is what you need for Constipation, loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. For sale by Moyer Bros.

THE REV. GEORGE H. THAYER,

of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Sold by Moyer Bros.

A NASAL INJECTOR

Free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by Moyer Bros.

WHAT WE CAN CURE, LET'S NOT ENDURE.

If we can cure an ache, or a sprain, or a lameness, or a burn, or a bruise, or a bite, by using Thomas' Eclectric Oil, let's do it. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is known to be good. Let's try it.

"HAGKMETACK,"

A lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by Moyer Bros.

MR. GOUGH ON SILK HATS.

"It would be no violation of the commandment," said John B. Gough, "if a man were to fall down and worship the silk hat, for it is not made in the likeness of anything in heaven, or on earth, or in the waters which are under the earth." Besides it heats the head and causes the hair to fall off. Parker's Hair Balsam will stop that and restore the original color to gray or faded hair. Not oily, not a dye, beneficial, deliciously perfumed. A perfect hair dressing. 50c. All druggists.

Sep 19-5t

SOWING WILD OATS.

How many waste their time and resources in foolish experiments, with nasty worthless medicines that can never do them a whit of good. If you are sick and want help get a reputable remedy of established merit. The curative virtues of Burdock Blood Bitters have never been questioned. For an enfeebled circulation or a weak stomach they are splendid.

FOR DYSPEPSIA

And liver complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Sold by Moyer Bros.

SHILOH'S COUGH

and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. For sale by Moyer Bros.

$$$ A MONTH and BOARD for three live young Men or Ladies in each county. Address P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., Philadelphia.
Oct 3-4w d

BRIDGE DIVIDEND.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Catawissa Bridge Co., held this day, a semi-annual dividend of five per cent. on the capital stock of said company was declared, payable to stockholders immediately. J. B. ROBINS, Treas.
Catawissa, Oct. 2, 1884.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

TRADE MARK — QUALITY PURITY NOT QUANTITY — On Every Bottle — PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

Sale only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

NOTICE IN PARTITION,

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

In the matter of the partition and valuation of the estate of Mrs regret Mellick late of Scott township, deceased, to Wilson D. Mellick the petitioner, residing at Sunbury, Pa.; Hiram B. Mellick residing at Williamsport, Lycoming Co., Pa., Peter B. Mellick, residing at Lock Haven, Clinton, Co., Pa., Phoebe Oman intermarried with Zeboath Oman, residing at Burr Oaks, St. Jo. Co., Mich., Anna Margaret Shave, intermarried with Daniel Shave, residing at Burns, Lacrosse, Co., Wis., Isaiah Mellick residing at Dixon, Lee Co., Ill., Jacob B. Mellick residing at Lyons City, Clinton, Co., Iowa, and Lavina I. Hendrix intermarried with H. A. Hendrix residing at New Freedom, York, Co., Pa., and the following grand children of Rachel Warring residing at Richland, Keokuk, Co., Iowa, who was a child of Rachel V. Warring a daughter of decedent, Peter Best residing at Atchison, Atchison Co., Kansas, L. Bryan Best, formerly a resident of Atchison, Atchison Co., Kansas, but residence now unknown, Mary McDonald intermarried with Geo. McDonald, Atchison, Atchison, Co., Kansas, Wm. Best unmarried, Atchison, Atchison Co., Kansas, Nettie Robinson, intermarried with Geo. A. Robinson, Kansas City, Jackson Co., Mo., the last named being the children of Delilah Best, who died before her mother, the decedent.

Take notice that an inquest will be held at the late dwelling house of said Margaret Mellick, deceased, in the township of Scott, Columbia Co., on Saturday, November 15, 1884, between the hours of 2 and 8 p. m., of said day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said deceased, to and among his children and legal

Paying Her Debt.

It was a very poorly furnished room in a cottage home; a small cottage, one of many, all small, mean and scantily furnished, and the "hands" lived there. This one was Morgan's cottage, and it was Jack Morgan himself and his sister, Madge, who were seated at breakfast, lingering as was possible only on Sunday morning.

She was a tall, well-formed, strikingly handsome girl of nineteen, as she sat facing her brother, who was some five years older; and upon her face was an eager, troubled look, while he was sullen and downcast.

Young as they were they had seen better days; been well educated up to three years previous to that June morning, and then been thrown suddenly upon their own resources.

Jack fought his way, sullen and resentful, making few friends, and seeking none.

Madge was the braver of the two, meeting their reverses with quiet courage, and bringing energy, trust, and cheerfulness to the mean cottage home. Just one week has elasped since an aunt from whom they had never hoped for aid, had left them each a hundred pounds, and Jack had resolved to try his fortune in Canada, while Madge put hers aside for a rainy day.

"I'll stay here until you are sure of success, Jack," she said, when he urged her to join him, "and keep a home for you in case that you should need one."

"Do you call this hole a home?" he asked, bitterly, and she only smiled and answered:

"A shelter, then."

But she was not smiling when she sat at the Sunday breakfast, eating little, brooding sadly, until suddenly she cried—

"Jack, we must do something. Think what we owe Tom King."

"Owe him! I believe we have paid him every farthing," said Jack, sharply.

"We have paid him the money, I know; but we can never pay him what we owe him still."

"Bah! Don't be so sentimental, Madge."

"Common gratitude is not sentiment alone, Jack. Jack," she repeated, "can you forget who came to us in that sore need, paid doctor and butcher, and then buried our mother beside father in the cemetery?"

"And do you forget," her brother replied, almost angrily, "how we worked and starved and perished, until every shilling of the money was in Tom King's pocket again?"

"I know! I know! But think how he helped you and me to get our situation in the mills, and how delicately he made the loans of money. And now,—oh, Jack, I must do something!"

"What can you do? If Tom King chose to lose his money in speculating, how are you responsible?"

"I am not, but, Jack, there is Aunt Kate's money."

"All you have in the world."

"No," she answered, "I have my wages."

"A noble fortune! Don't be a fool, Madge."

But Madge was a fool in the sense he meant. All through the morning, while she dressed in her quiet morning for church, even through the service there, she was thinking of what she owed Tom King.

When her mother crushed by the death of her husband, unable to meet the change from comfort to poverty, sank down prostrated, when Jack, unable to get work, was cursing fortune, Tom King came as their father's friend, and kept them from starvation. Madge's heart glowed as she remembered how thoughtful he was about sparing her trouble in every way.

He was more than double age, and a grave, reserved man, whom she regarded with the affectionate respect she would have given her father, but with that same reverence she loved him deeply. And when the whole town knew that Tom King lay in the Newtown hospital, sick and penniless, the whole noble, grateful heart of Madge Morgan went out to him.

Many stories reached her. He had made a fortune and lost it; he had invested in mines that failed and ruined him; he had been engaged, according to the Newtown gossips, in a dozen different speculations, winning vast sums only to lose them. But one broad, indisputable fact remained, if all the rest were false; he was lying in the hospital sick from the excitement that had put the last stroke upon his ill-luck.

Dinner over, Madge put on her bonnet again.

"I'm going over to the hospital, Jack," she said.

Only a grunt answered her, but she would not be put off by Jack's sour looks, and went on her errand.

Here, upon a low iron cot-bed, pale and emaciated, but evidently on the road to recovery, Tom King lay when Madge Morgan came up to the ward with a nurse, her face so grave and tender that the strong will and patient endurance of its usual expression were lost in the pure womanly sympathy that rested there.

"My friend!" she said, taking the wasted hand extended to her, and Tom King wondered if ever two words held so much as those two.

"Why, Madge," he said presently, "do not feel so badly, I'm gaining every day. The doctor says he will have me on my feet in a week, and I'm going abroad again."

"Again! When you have been so unfortunate there."

"Eh? Oh, I see!" with an odd look in his eyes; "you've been reading the Newtown *Star*. Unlucky, wasn't I?"

"Yes. But, Tom—I came to tell you—" the words came slowly—"that I have some money that—that is of no use to me. If it will start you again, I—"

"You want me to take it?"

"You can borrow it," anxious not to hurt his pride, and some day when you are rich—you can return it."

"Yes! I see! Have you got it with you?"

"I thought I would bring it with me," she said, her face flushed with pleasure, "and here it is."

He opened the white envelope and took it out, note, just as the lawyer had sent it to her. Tom king laid it on the broad palm of his hand and stroked it tenderly.

"All your wealth, Madge?" he asked.

"Not while I have these," and she held up her hands. "I am so glad though, that I have it."

He lay very quiet, looking steadily at the note for some minutes; then he began to speak, his eyes still fixed on the money, his voice steady but monotonous, as if he was reading a story there:

"When I went away nearly three years ago," he said, "I went to see if I could not shake myself free from a dream I had. I dreamed that I could win the love of a child, a mere slip of a child, who was forced into premature womanhood by trouble. She was utterly unconscious of my love, but I knew I could not hide it if I stayed beside her. Out of her sight, far from the sound of her voice, the dream, instead of fading became clearer, more vivid. Day and night I dreamed, but I worked as well. I put what money I had into investments that promised well—but there, I will not speak of that. Providence was merciful. I am alive, at last," he paused there, but a low, sweet voice took up the story.

"And the dream will become reality," the voice said. "The child-woman did not read her own heart, nor understand why nothing in her life met or filled the longing there. Not until sharp sorrow came, and she heard of him she loved lying ill and in poverty and pain, did she understand that he took all the love she could ever know away with him.

"And now, Madge?"

"It shall be as you say. I love you. I am young and strong, and I think I can be a help and not a burden to you."

"Will you be my wife, Madge?"

"Whenever you will."

"Madge, did you think, my dear, that I was ruined? I am a rich man, Madge, but I mean to keep this," and his hand closed over the note. "You shall never have it again, Madge."

"I am content," she answered.

And even Jack was satisfied; something of his sullen temper being lost when he once more found himself on the road to prosperity.

A Word to Delicate People.

Without being actual dyspeptic, a great many people suffer from what is termed weak indigestion. The symptoms of such a condition of stomach and intestines are only too well known; the feeling of uneasiness after eating, with probably some degree of distention and flatulence, acid eructations, constipation or the reverse, or the one state alternating with another discomforting or alarming sensations about the region of the heart, swimming in the head, noise in the ears, sleeplessness or non refreshing slumber, or occasional headaches, general ennui and weariness, and lastly, nervous symptoms of any or all kinds, not the least distressing of which may be some of the many phobias that afflict people with weak digestions, from carniphobia to hydrophobia. I have had patients who no amount of reasoning would convince that they were not suffering from heart-disease; others who suffered—they said — from incipient softening of the brain; some who had no lungs; others minus liver.

"I don't believe," a patient told me only the day before yesterday, "that I have an ounce of liver left."

Well, such people, at all events, have my sincere sympathy, and my advice to them in the matter of diet is somewhat as follows:

Eat moderately: on no account take what may be called a full meal. Take food whenever hungry; for instance, have breakfast immediately after getting up, merely going out of doors for five minutes previously. If hungry about 12, have a cup of cocoatina; dine at two o'clock off a tender joint, or steak, or chop, with potatoes sparingly and greens, a little soup, and tapioca or rice pudding. No pastry, or sweets, or cheese. Take no fluid until you have nearly finished the solids. Vary the food every day. Fish only if quite digestible, which it often-times is not; no veal or pork, but mutton, beef, game and fowl. Fruit before breakfast, but not after dinner.—*Harper's Bazar.*

Hot Years.

In 1302 and 1304, according to a French periodical, the Rhine, Loire and Seine ran dry. In 1615 the heat throughout Europe became excessive. Scotland suffered particularly in 1625; men and beasts died in scores. The heat in several departments during the summer of 1705 was equal to that in a glass furnace. Meat could be cooked by merely exposing it to the sun. Not a soul dare venture out between noon and 4 P. M. In 1718 many shops had to close; the theaters never opened their doors for several months. Not a drop of water fell for six months. In 1773 the thermometer rose to 118 degrees. In 1779 the heat at Bologna was so great that a great number of people were stifled. There was not sufficient air for the breath, and people had to take refuge under ground. In July, 1783, the heat became intolerable. Vegetables were burned up and fruit dried upon the trees. The furniture and woodwork in dwelling-houses cracked and split open; meat went bad in an hour. The rivers ran dry in several provinces during 1811; expedients had to be devised for the grinding of corn. In 1822 a protracted heat was accompanied by storms and earthquakes; during the drought legions of mice over ran Lorraine and Alsace, committing incalculable damage. In 1832 the heat brought about cholera in France; 20,000 persons fell victims to the visitation in Paris alone. In 1846 the thermometer marked 125 degrees in the sun.

Funny Little Ones.

A father found his son playing on the front steps.

"Edward," he said, "what do I see? Are you not disobeying your grandmother, who just told you not to jump down these steps?"

"No," said Edward, "no, indeed; grandma didn't tell us not to, papa! She only came down to the door and said, 'I wouldn't jump down these steps, boys,' and I shouldn't think she would—an old lady like her!"

"Arise with the lark, and with the lark to bed," read a little boy from his First Reader; then he stopped a moment and contemplated the picture of a lark at the head of the lesson. "Mamma," he said, "that lark's toenails are so long I'd be afraid to go to bed with him."

A little miss asked her father when he was writing a sermon: "Papa, does God tell you what to write in a sermon?" After a little consideration the parent returned an affirmative answer, but he was completely nonplussed by the further question: "Then why do you scratch it out?"

There was a great parade of soldiers, and little Mary, aged eight years, went to the door with her pet dog, Gyp, to see the procession move by. Like all little dogs, Gyp was saucy and began to bark. Mary ran upstairs to her mother, exclaiming:

"Oh, mamma, come downstairs; I'm afraid Gyp will bite the army."

Cases of metalic poisoning have been traced to cheap silver-plated pitchers. When the lining is broken or worn, galvanic action is set up and the base metal rapidly oxidized.

ODD ITEMS.

"Take back the heart that thou gavest," said the poker player when he pulled for a diamond flush.

"Woman has twice the nerve of man!" shouts a female orator. We don't know about that. Women seldom marry women.

A correspondent asks if it is proper to dance with a married lady when her husband is looking on. Certainly. The dancing is sure to be very proper under such circumstances.

Statistics show that there is less crime in the United States in proportion to the population than in any other country in the world.

Hackmen on the Canada side of Niagara think every American who comes there has just robbed a bank. That may account for their charges.

"Your manner is very shocking," said the lady to the tramp. "Ah," replied the tramp, "you noticed it, did you? That's my personal magnetism."

"Promise me, dear husband," said young Mrs. Newbride, affectionately, to Charles—"promise me never, in your darkest hours, ever to commit suicide. I am told it may vitiate your life insurance."

As he gazed at her soft, rosy cheeks with a look of never-ceasing admiration, he was impelled to remark: 'Your cheeks are as beautiful as a peach." "Are they ripe?" she asked innocently. And he immediately went out and bought three for a quarter.

"Do look at that couple!" whispered Mr. Bass. "Anybody would know they were just married. How silly he acts, and right before everybody." "Dont be to hard on the poor fellow," replied Mr. Bass; "he probably hasn't anybody else to make love to just at present."

Loco, the Weed, acts upon horses and cattle just as alcohol does on man. They lose all appetite for normal food, become apparently intoxicated at times, and finally die from a disease strangely like delirium tremens. From the vica comes the California expression, "as bad as a locoed horse."

It is not generally known that there is a stone, called the centre rock, in the rotunda of the capitol, at Raleigh, N. C., upon which, if a man squarely stands, his words become inarticulate to those about him. This is upon authority of the *Raleigh News*, which adds that several gentlemen in experimenting recently with this peculiar stone, all experienced its curious effect.

The English post-office department is far ahead of ours in some respects. The postal savings bank established in 1861 has received in penny and six penny contributions something like $200,000,000. This department also effects life insurances and annuities. By paying a penny a week between the ages of fifteen and sixty a person is entitled to an annuity of $11 after reaching the latter age. Such small savings and small profits would be despised in this country, but it is quite likely that something similar, though on a large scale, will some time be adopted here. With the masses government savings banks and annuities would be very popular.

An Early Writing Paper.

Many centuries before Christ, Numa left writing upon the papyrus, whence our name, paper, is drived. This plant which was revered as sacred by the old Egyptians, grows abundantly in shallow streams and marshes in upper Egypt and Syria. Bruce found it growing in the river Jordan, and noticed a curious fact, that it always presented the sharp, angular side of its pear-shaped stem to the swift current. The stem is eight or ten feet high, two inches in diameter, and crowned with a fringe of hair like leaves, which circle a blossom of slender spikelets. Beneath the brown sheath which envelops the root-stalk of the dark green plant lie other sheaths which are very transparent. These, when split into thin leaves and dried in the sun, were glued together, and formed the roll of papyrus, on which many of the ancient writings have come down to us. This paper was both flexible and durable. Specimens from Pompeii can be seen in the museum at Naples. In the fifth century papyrus paper, of which many varieties existed, was largely manufactured at Alexandria, and ranked high in the commerce of nations. Its use continued until about seven or eight centuries ago.—*St. Nicholas.*

Potatoes in their Jackets.

"Should potatoes be peeled before cooking, or should they be boiled in their jackets? I say most decidedly in jackets," writes Professor Mattien Williams, "and will state my reasons. From fifty-three to fifty-six per cent of the saline constituents of the potato is potash, and potash is an important constituent of the blood—so important that in Norway, where scurvy once prevailed very seriously, it has been banished since the introduction of the potato, and, according to Lang and other authorities, it is owing to the use of this vegetable by a people who formerly were insufficiently supplied with saline vegetable food. Potash salts are freely soluble in water, and I find that the water in which potatoes have been boiled contains potash, as may be proved by boiling it down to concentrate, then filtering, and adding the usual potash test, platinum chloride. It is evident that the skin of the potato must resist this passage of the potash into the water, though it may not fully prevent it. The bursting of the skin occurs only at quite the later stage of the cookery. The greatest practical authorities on the potato—Irishmen—appear to be unanimous; I do not remember to have seen a prepeeled potato in Ireland. I find I can at once detect by the difference of flavor whether a potato has been boiled with or without its jacket, and this difference is evidently saline."

W. H HOUSE,

—DENTIST,—

BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.

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Nov. 28-1y

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Moyer's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn	$7,078,279
Royal of Liverpool	12,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,185,710
Phœnix, of London	5,396,576
London & Lancashire, of England	1,709,970
Hartford of Hartford	3,373,050
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,083,580

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81-

Vital Questions!!!!

Ask the most eminent physician

Of any school, what is the best thing in the world for quieting and allaying all irritation of the nerves and curing all forms of nervous complaints, giving natural, childlike refreshing sleep always?

And they will tell you unhesitatingly *"Some form of Hops!!!"*

CHAPTER I.

Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians:

"What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention or inability to retain urine, and all the diseases and ailments peculiar to women"—

"And they will tell you explicitly and emphatically *"Buchu!!!"*

Ask the same physicians

"What is the most reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia; constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malaria, fever, ague, &c.," and they will tell you:

Mandrake! or Dandelion!!!!"

Hence, when these remedies are combined with others equally valuable,

And compounded into Hop Bitters, such a wonderful and mysterious curative power is developed, which is so varied in its operations that no disease or ill health can possibly exist or resist its power, and yet it is

Harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or smallest child to use.

CHAPTER II.

"Patients

"Almost dead or nearly dying."

For years, and given up by physicians of Bright's and other kidney diseases, liver complaints, severe coughs, called consumption, have been cured.

Women gone nearly crazy!!!!!

From agony of neuralgia, nervousness, wakefulness, and various diseases peculiar to women.

People drawn out of shape from excruciating pangs of rheumatism, inflammatory and chronic, or suffering from scrofula,

Erysipelas!

Salt rheum, blood poisoning, dyspepsia, indigestion, and in fact almost all diseases frail

Nature is heir to

Have been cured by Hop Bitters, proof of which Can be found in every highborhood in the known world.

☞None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

AGENTS wanted for The Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The largest, handsomest best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free, HALLETT BOOK CO., Portland; Maine. Dec 21-13

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Head Quarters for Iron, Steel, Horseshoes Nails and Wagon Makers' and Blacksmiths' Supplies. Israel Bittenbender, Store & Warerooms 128 Franklin Ave., also warerooms 111 Franklin Ave., and 105 Centre street.

SCRANTON PA.

may 23-1y

FIRE INSURANCE.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HOME, OF N. Y.
MERCHANTS', OF NEWARK, N. J.
CLINTON, N. Y.
PEOPLES' N. Y.
READING, PA.

These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.

Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

DO YOU KNOW

THAT

LORILLARD'S CLIMAX PLUG TOBACCO,

With Red Tin Tag, is the best? Is the purest; is never adulterated with glucose, barytes, molasses, or any deleterious ingredients, as is the case with many other tobaccos.

LORILLARD'S ROSE LEAF FINE CUT TOBACCO

Is also made of the finest stock, and for aromatic chewing quality is second to none.

LORILLARD'S NAVY CLIPPINGS.

take first rank as a solid durable smoking tobacco wherever introduced.

LORILLARD'S FAMOUS SNUFFS.

have been used for over 124 years, and are sold to a larger extent than any others.

Sept. 12-1 W

COLEMAN

Business

COLLEGE, Newark, N. J.—100 students from Pennsylvania in 1883. More positions for graduates than all other schools combined. Life Scholarship, $90. Write for circulars. COLEMAN & PALMS, Props. Sep. 12-1 W

E. B. BROWER,

PLUMBING,

GAS FITTING & STEAM HEATING.

DEALER IN

STOVES & TINWARE.

All kinds of work in Sheet Iron, Roofing and Spouting promptly attended to.

☞Strict attention given to heating by steam.

Corner of Main & East Sts.,

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H. G. Eshleman,

Plumber and gas fitter. Rear of Schuyler's hardware store.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

All kinds of fittings for steam, gas and water pipes constantly on hand.

Roofing and spouting attended to at short notice.

Tinware of every description made to order.

Orders left at Schuyler & Co's., hardware store will be promptly filled.

Special attention given to heating by steam and hot water.

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M. C. SLOAN & BRO.,

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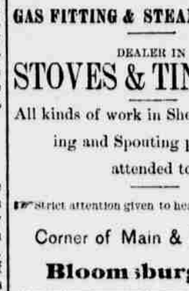
CARRIAGES BUGGIES, PHAETONS. SLEIGHS, PLATFORM WAGONS, &C.

First-class work always on hand.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

Prices reduced to suit the times.

CATARRH Hay Fever.



I have been a great sufferer from Hay Fever for fifteen years. I tried one of the many wondrous cures of Ely's Cream Balm and thought I would try it once more. In fifteen minutes after one application I was wonderfully helped. Two weeks ago I commenced using it and now I feel entirely cured. It is the greatest discovery ever known. Dunhame Clark, Farmer, Ipso Mass.

Ely's Cream Balm is a re cedy founded on a correct diagnosis of this disease and can be depended upon. Cream Balm relieves no pain. Gives relief at once. Cleanses the head. Causes healthy secretions. Abates inflammation. Prevents fresh colds. Heals the sores. Restores the senses of taste and smell. A thorough treatment will cure. Not a liquid or snuff. Applied into the nostrils. 50 cts. at druggists; 60 cts. by mail. Sample bottle by mail 10 cts.

ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

Sep 19-4 w

B. F. HARTMAN

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Pennsylvania, " "
York, of Pennsylvania.
Hanover, of N. Y.
Queens, of London.
North British, of London.

Office on Market Street, No. 5, Bloomsburg. oct. 24, -1

ORNAMENTAL IRON FENCES.

OF CAST OR WROUGHT IRON.

Suitable for

Yards,

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Public Grounds.

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The following shows the Picket Gothic, one of the several beautiful styles of Fence manufactured by the undersigned.

For Beauty and Durability they are unsurpass ed. Set up by experienced hands and warranted to give satisfaction.

Prices and specimens of other designs sent to any address.

Address

S. M. HESS,

BLOOMSBURG PA.

May 4-1y

BRIDGE LETTING.

Will be let at the Commissioners Office in Bloomsburg on Tuesday, September, 30th, 1884 at 10 o'clock A. m., a new bridge to be erected over Fine creek above Jones mill in Fishingcreek township, where the open bridge now stands. To be a wooden brace covered bridge 60 feet long between abutments. Wing walls 30 feet long on east and west sides of bridge to be repatred and good coping put on. One abutment to be rebuilt and the other to be repaired by contractor so as to admit of skewback three feet from top of wall plates. Plans and specifications can be seen at the Commissioners office, Bloomsburg, Pa.

CHRLAES REICHART,
B. F. EDGAR,
JOSHUA FETTERMAN. } Com'rs.

Attest: JOHN B. CASEY, Commissioner's Office Bloomsburg, Pa. Sept. 8th 1884.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

Come to the premises of the undersigned in Madison township about June 1st, 1884, two ewes and two lambs—all bearing the same mark. The owner will please come, prove property, pay costs, and take them away or they will be disposed of according to law.

PERRY BENFIELD, Millville.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF LAURA J. PATTEN, DECEASED.

Letters of administration in the estate of Laura J. Patten, deceased, late of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay. E. H. LITTLE,

Aug 29 Administrator.

CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

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THE ARTIST

CUTTER

AND

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Who always gives you the latest styles, and cuts your clothing to fit you. Having had the experience for a number of years in the Tailoring Business, has learned what material will give his customers the best satisfaction for wear and style and will try to please all who give him a call. Also on hand

Gents' Furnishing Goods

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

HATS, CAPS, AND UMBRELLAS

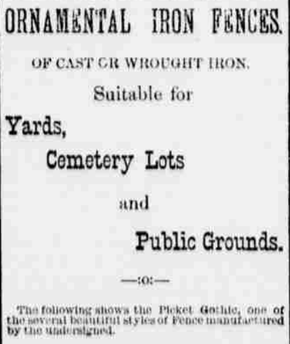
Always of the latest styles. Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Store next door to First National Bank

Corner Main & Market Sts.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

April 25-1y



Are you failing, try WELLS' HEALTH RENEWER, a pure, clean, wholesome

TONIC,

For Brain, Nerves, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Lungs. An unequaled invigorant. Cures

DYSPEPSIA,

Headache, Fever, Ague, Chills,

DEBILITY & WEAKNESS.

Nice to take, true merit, unequaled for TORPID LIVER and Night Sweats, Nervous Weakness, Malaria, Leanness, Sexual Decline. $1.00 per bot., 6 for $5.00, at Druggists. H. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

BUCHU-PAIBA

Kidney and Urinary Cure

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Remarkable Cures of Catarrh of the Bladder, Inflammation, Irritation of Kidneys and bladder, Stone or Gravel Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Dropsical Swellings, Female Diseases, Incontinence of Urine, all Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs in either sex. For Unhealthy or Unnatural Discharges use also "Chapin's Injection Liquor," each $1.

For SYPHILIS, either contracted or hereditary taint, use Chapin's Constitution Bitter Syrup, $1.00 per bottle, and Chapin's Syphilitic Pills, $8.00; and Chapin's Syphilitic Salve, $1.00. 6 bottles Syrup, 2 of Pills, 1 Salve, by Express on receipt of $10.00, or at druggists.

P. F. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

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Office on Market Street, No. 5, Bloomsburg. oct. 24, -1

GOLD for the working class. Send 10 cents for postage, and we will mail you *free*, a royal valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to $5 every evening. That all who want may test the business, we make this unparalled offer; to all that are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. Dec 21-1

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING ON SHORT NOTICE AT THIS OFFICE.

NEW FALL STYLE HATS

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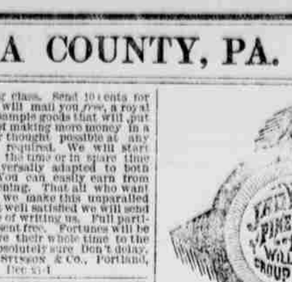
DAVID LOWENBERG'S.

FALL STYLES JUST RECEIVED —AT— D. LOWENBERG'S.



The Celebrated Sweet, Orr & Co. Overalls.

LARGE STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING —AT— D. LOWENBERG'S.

CALL AND SEE THE NEW STYLES

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For the Celebrated Chickering, Ivers & Pond, and Vose & Son Pianos. World-renowned Estey Organs, Violins, Accordeons and Sheet Music. Celebrated White, New High Arm Davis, New Home, Royal St. John, and Light Running Domestic Sewing Machines. Needles, oil and attachments for all makes of Sewing Machines.

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W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR.

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Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

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Beware of advertisements to refund money, when druggists from whom the medicine is bought *do not refund*, but refer you to the manufacturers, and the requirements are such that they are *seldom*, if ever, complied with. See their written guarantee. A trial of one single package of Gray's Specific will convince the most skeptical of its real merits.

On account of counterfeits, we have adopted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine.

☞Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. ☞The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package or 6 packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on the receipt of the money, by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sold in Bloomsburg by all druggists.

Nov 9-1y

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EXTRA BLACKING

Gives a MORE BRILLIANT SHINE THAN ANY OTHER.

IN BOXES WHICH PREVENT SOILING THE HANDS.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

S. S. STAFFORD,

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Oct 9-4 w

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The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad Street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.

FRAMES, SASH, DOORS,

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furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and done but skilled workmen are employed.

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The Science of Life, Only $1

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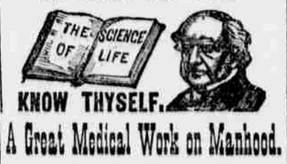

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A Great Medical Work on Manhood.

Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man. Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries resulting from Indiscretion of excesses. A book for every man, young, middle-aged and old. It contains 125 prescriptions for all acute and chronic diseases, each one of which is invaluable, so found by the Author, whose experience for 23 years is such as probably never before fell to the lot of any physician. 300 pages, bound in beautiful French muslin, embossed covers, full gilt, guaranteed to be a finer work in every sense—mechanical, literary and professional —than any other work sold in this country for $2.50, or the money will be refunded in every instance. Price only $1.00 by mail post-paid. Illustrative sample 6 cents. Send now. Gold medal awarded the author by the National Medical Association, to the officers of which he refers.

The Science of Life should be read by the young for instruction, and by the afflicted for relief. It will benefit all—*London Lancet.*

There is no member of society to whom The Science of Life will not be useful, whether youth, parent, guardian, instructor or clergyman.—*Argonaut.*

Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass., who may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience. Chronic and obstinate diseases and that have baffled the skill of all other physicians a specialty. Such treated successfully without an instance of failure. Mention this paper. HEAL THYSELF

Sept 19-1y d

The most popular resort on the Susquehanna River is the Wapwallopen Valley Hotel, Wapwallopen, Luzerne Co., Pa.

C. W. MAUGER, Proprietor.

This house has been thoroughly renovated and is fitted up with every convenience for travelers, tourists, hunting and fishing parties. It is delightfully situated in the midst of a beautiful section of river and mountain scenery in close proximity to the famous

Council Cup

and special inducements are offered to all who desire recreation combined with first class accommodations. The bar supplied only with the choicest wines and liquors, excellent stable accommodations, boats to hire &c.

No Extortionate Rate.

April 25-6m

WANTED to sell Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, etc. Salary and expenses paid. Full instructions given to inexperienced men can soon learn the business. Address J. F. LECLARE, Brighton, N. Y. (3 mile east of Rochester, N. Y.)

$66 a week at home. $5.00 outfit free. Any absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which persons of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. Dec 21-1y

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect May 18th, 1884. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD.

8.55 a. m.—Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 6.30 p. m.; Baltimore, 5.10 p. m.; Washington 6.30 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

2.09 p. m.—Day express (daily), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7.35 p. m.; New York, 10.30 p. m.; Baltimore 7.20 p. m.; Washington, 8.05 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coache through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.30 p. m.—Williamsport Accommodation (daily for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.05 a. m.; New York 6.10 a. m. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. On Sundays a through sleeping car will be run; on this train from Williamsport to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

3.30 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7.50 a. m. New York, 11.20 a. m.; Baltimore 7.40 a. m.; Washington, 8.50 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.15 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie, and through Pullman Palace cars to Buffalo via Emporium. On Sundays this train runs to Renovo, with Pullman Palace car to Williamsport and passenger coaches to Renovo.

For Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, (daily except Sundays) with through Pullman Palace car and passenger coaches to Rochester.

10.15—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations. On Sundays this train runs only to Williamsport.

1.10 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane. For Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Rochester and Parlor car to Watkins.

5.35 p. m. Fast Line (daily except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m.; Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily, arriving at Sunbury 10.15.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except S